The Millheim Journal.

VOL. LIV. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1880. NO. 6.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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A man cannot be a prosperous Christian without settled seasons of prayer. Opportunities to pray will be found when the heart is intent on the exercise.

Sin always begins with pleasure and ends with bitterness. It is like a colt which the little boy said was very tame in front and very wild behind.

We should enjoy our fortune as we do our health—enjoy it when good, be patient when it is bad, and never apply violent remedies except in an extreme necessity.

When we speak of obedience we should always speak of faith first. Faith is the first and fundamental act of obedience. Faith is the mainspring of obedience.

If you would relish food, labor for it before you take it; if enjoy clothing, pay for it before you wear it; if you would sleep soundly, take a clear conscience to bed with you.

Socially, politically, and religiously, the civilized world is in a terrible unsettled condition. Everything appears to be in a state of unrest. There seems to be no well stated limit to anything.

Conversion is life from the dead. It is the healthfulness and growth of functions that were entirely extinct, in contradistinction from the notion that it is an education of the heart—a mere training of an inherent principle.

Cheerfulness is just as natural to the heart of a man in strong health as color to his cheek; and wherever there is habitual gloom there must be either bad air, unwholesome food, improperly severe labor, or erring habits in life.

Let us have none the less emotion, none the less morality, but from top to bottom, within and without, throughout and without end, let us have righteousness. Then our emotions will be read, our morality will be love, and our rightousness will be holiness.

Translate the sense of Scripture into your lives, and expound the Word of God by your works. Interpret it by your feet and teach it by your fingers. That is, let your workings and your walkings be Scripture exposition, as living epistles read and known of all men.

Trouble must have great possibilities of blessing in it, or it would not be so common in God's world. Surely we need not dread it so when it brings in one hand the peaceable fruit of righteousness and in the other the joys of consolation for so many sorrowing souls.

LOSING AND LIVING.

Forever the sun is pouring its gold
On a hundred worlds that beg and borrow;
His warmth he squanders on summits cold;
His wealth on the homes of want and sorrow;
To withhold his largness of precious light
Is to bury himself in eternal night.
To give
Is to live.

The flower shines not for itself at all;
Its joy is the joy it freely diffuses;
Of beauty and balm it is prodigal,
And it lives in the light it freely loses,
No choice for the rose but glory or doom.
To exhale or smother, to wither or bloom.
To deny
Is to die.

The seas lend silvery rays to the land,
The land its sapphire-streams to the ocean;
The heart sends blood to the brain of command,
The brain to the heart its lightning motion;
And over and ever we yield our breath,
Till the mirror is dry and images death.
To live
Is to give.

He is dead whose hand is not open wide
To help the need of a human brother;
He doubles the length of his life-long ride
Who gives his fortunate place to another;
And a thousand million lives are his
Who carries the world in his sympathies.
To deny
Is to die.

Little Love.

Bessie, come; nurse is waiting! Run, now, and let her attend to your curls; you must look very neat, or Mr. Irving will not love you. It is almost dinner-time," said Bessie's mother.

Immediately the child rose, raised her sweet lips to kiss mamma, and followed the nurse from the room.

"It is perfectly wonderful how much influence Mr. Irving has over that child! Just tell her to do angthing, and say it will please him, and that is enough. I never saw anything like it," said Mrs. Wallace to a friend sitting beside her, who answered:

"I have, and would not encourage—or rather would strenuously endeavor to overcome—that influence."

"Now, my dear Georgie, what is troubling that wise head of yours? What means that grave look and anxious light in your eyes?"

"Fannie, I'm perfectly astonished at people whose duty it is to watch over and guard their little ones, especially their girls from sorrows, planting in their young hearts seeds which may grow to be thorns, and treating children as though they were void of any deeper thought and feeling than the appreciation of a doll or box of toys. I am sure that some children at five years have hearts that love as devotedly and suffer as keenly as many at mature years. You are shaking your head. I want to tell you a little story to prove my assertion. We have half an hour before dinner. Will you listen?"

"Yes, certainly; but it must have a happy ending," answered Mrs. Wallace.

"I cannot promise: perhaps the end has not yet come. You know Hattie Roy?"

"I do, certainly, a lovelier girl I never knew. Why she has never married has been a source of wonder to me."

"Ay, and to many who knew her not so well as I. It is of her I am going to tell you.

"Twenty-five years ago, when just at the age of your Bessie—and just as loving, too—a young man crossed her path. We will call him Joe Hewberry. He was the class mate and dearest friend of Hattie's brother.

"At a party given during the Christmas holidays by Mrs. Roy, Joe, to pique one of the girls, attached himself for the evening to little Hattie, dancing with her, promenading through the rooms, with her tiny hands, clasped in his, much to the annoyance of many bright eyed maidens, who really were envious of the baby girl.

"Joe was handsome and very fasinating, a universal favorite with the ladies, young and old.

"Several mammas endeavored to draw him away from his 'little-love' as he called her, and manœurved to get her from him; but all in vain, until wearily the sunny head drooped and with her arms around his neck, her sweet lips giving the good-night kiss, she sank to sleep. Gently then he resigned her to her nurse's care.

"Every day from that time he came to the house. His home was quite near. At the sound of his voice, Hattie sprang forward with outstretched arms to meet him. I have seen her, with her hands in his, looking up into his face for hours, seeming perfectly happy.

"Of course, this was noticed by the family and commented upon. The child's older sisters and and brothers could win her to their will by saying:

"'I'll tell Mr. Hewberry if you don't, and he won't love you then.'

"Daily she gathered a little bouquet for him, and when the autumn days came and the flowers were few, the 'little love, would watch closely the slowly opening buds, lest someone else should get them.

"So the days passed by for two years, and then for a time she was to be separated from the one she had grown to love so dearly.

"She clung round his neck, and begged to be with him when the hour of parting came. With promises of a speedy return he managed to soothe her.

"His absence was short. He returned, bringing her for a Christmas present a pretty little chain, to which was attached a locket with his portrait.

"For Joe she learned to read to write; for him she would grow brave, and, with his hand holding hers, had her first tooth drawn.

"When ill with fever, tossing restlessly from side to side, his hand could always quiet, his voice soothe. Without a murmur she would take from him the most nauseous doses.

"'How will all this end?' I asked her mother once.

"And lightly she replied, 'Oh, all right, of course. She will learn to love someone nearer her own age when the proper time comes; and he will be married long before then. He has a distant cousin, to whom, I am inclined to think, he is engaged. I am sure their parents are anxious for their union.'

"As Hattie grew older, a little shyness crept gradually into her manner. Still the love was there.

"Once, in a moment of confidence, she came to me, and asked, 'Do you believe Mr. Hewberry likes anyone better than me? Fred says he does—that he remained by her all the time at the party last night. I wish I was old enough to go to parties! And I wish—indeed I do——

"'What, Hettie?' I asked, as she hesitated.

"'I wish Cora Cushing didn't live in this world—indeed I do!' nodding her head decidedly, while striving to force back the tears.

"Oh, Hettie! this is dreadful!' I said, drawing her within my arms.

"'Well then, I wish Mr. Hewberry and I lived somewhere else, where Cora Cushing wouldn't come,' she sobbed.

"I assured her that Joe did not love Cora Cushing; that Fred was only teasing her.

"When she was ten years old, Joe was called suddenly away by the severe illness of his nearest relative, an uncle.

"There was only time for a hasty Good-bye, my little love! Make haste to grow fast, and be a tall girl when I come back,' he said, kissing her.

"His going was so sudden, she did not seem to realize it. I was glad that it was so. But how I pitied the little thing when, day after day, as she had done for years, she sat and watched!

"Time passed on; the pretty child grew to be a beautiful maiden. Youths gathered about her, and friends ceased to talked of Joe. Other names were mentioned as his had been; yet none could win an answering smile or blush. I knew for whom her love was kept.

"The waiting, yearning look in her eyes gave way at last, and a joyous light broke forth. Joe was coming back. A letter to her brother Fred brought the glad tidings. He wrote:

"I've a secret to tell you, dear boy! But, no; I'll keep it for a surprise, in which you will rejoice for my sake, I am sure. In a few days I shall be with you.' 'JOE.'

"Again, as in her baby days, Hattie began her watching. Oh, I knew her heart was singing a joyous song, though the sweet lips gave forth no sound.

"She stood in the porch, waiting his coming, clothed in fleecy white, roses in her hair, and a bright smile playing on her face.

"'Hattie!'

"Fred came towards her. The boy's face had lost its usual look of merriment, his voice its careless tone.

"'Hettie, Joe came by the train awhile ago"—he paused, darting an anxious, searching glance at his sister's face—and he was not alone. I'll not let him surprise you, little sis. I've hurried home to tell you his wife is with him.'

"The light went out of eye and heart. The blush faded quickly on the young face, and, whiter than the dress she wore, was the hand put forth to grasp the balustrade.

"Fred sprang forward to catch her fainting form. Like a broken lily he bore her in. And when Joe came she knew it not.

"For many days her gentle spirit hovered between life and death. Sometimes since, I've almost regretted that it passed not away.

"She has never seen Joe Hewberry since his marriage. Three years after, she sent to his little girl, who bears her name, the chain and locket she used to wear."

"Where is he now?" Mrs. Wallace inquired.

"I've not heard of him for years; I know not if he lives."

"Thanks for your story, Georgie. But I wish its ending had not been so sad."

"Then its lessons would have been less powerful."

True. I must profit by it without delay. I will send Bessie home with mother to morrow. The change will do her good, and break the spell."

A few days after this, Georgie Clark came to see Bessie's mother and said, with a bright smile;

"I've come to change the ending of my story of the other day. In fact, the end had not then come. Here are Hattie's wedding cards; her Joe has been a widower over two years. Hear what she writes to me:

"Forgive me for keeping my happiness from you, my dear friend, but I have not been able to realize sufficiently that this great joy was for me to speak to others. Now that it is so near, and he is with me, surely must it be. You who have known so much, must know all now. He loved and was pledged to her before he knew me. You will be glad to know this; I was. Had I known it, it would have soothed greatly the agony of bygone days.'

"We were at Hattie's wedding yesterday; a happier, lovelier bride I never saw."

Working the Pioneer Racket.

"Yes, gentlemen," said a seedy-looking customer with a long beard, who had rung in on a party of tourists in the Baldwin bar room the other evening, "I was the first white American who set foot on the site of San Francisco. Many's the night I've roasted beesteak for supper, and slept with the sand for a blanket, right where this hotel now stands. I owed the entire country clear down to San Jose, and I traded the whole business one day for ten pounds of tobacco." "Five pounds," put in the bar-keeper sternly. "I guess I know how many pounds," said the oldest inhabitant, somewhat abashed. "You said five pounds last night," retorted the bar-keeper; "and I've told you more than fifty times that if you intend to work the pioneer racket in this here bar, you must stick to the same story. If you don't. I'll let Joe Barker work the house instead; you hear me?" And the relic of the good old Argonautic days drifted sadly off to the lunch counter.

"The Kissing Bush."

One of the gentle customs that has been permitted to exist in English homes since the time of the Druids finds expression in what is known as the "kissing bush." It is generally a neat bough of mistleto, and when the household decorations are going up it is rarely ever forgotten, especially where there are young men and maidens. It hangs in the hall, and the charm lies in leading your fair friend beneath it and kissing her. Among the middle class this feature of the holidays is never neglected, and at friendly and family reunions it occasions much merriment. In Elmira, however, the tree has been discarded. The way to do is not to lead your fair friend beneath a tree and kiss her there, but to kiss her where she is; for nine times out of ten, when she gets under the tree, she'll change her mind. Procrastination is the thief of many such an opporunity.

Squealing.

In a late trial in Evansville, Indiana, Wiechel was sworn and put on the stand, and began to explain to court, jury and counsel, not to speak of a curious audience, the mysteries of the game of draw-poker.

"Well, you see," said he, "the players sit around the table, and the man next to the dealer puts up his ante—"

"Hold on," exclaimed Mr. Brownlee.

"If your honor please, I don't understand—"

"Nor do I," said the Court, warmly. "I can scarcely believe that even men sinful enough to play at cards for money would put their own female relations upon a table for sport.

The jury groans aloud.

"I don't mean that," said the witness. "When a man puts up his ante, he puts up a certain amount of money as an earnest of play. Then the cards are dealt. Those who want to come in—"

"Oh, I see," said the court, with a bland smile; "it resembles the old game of "smitten," where the young men are kept out of the room—"

"No," snapped the witness, "it ain't that. When a man comes in he puts up twice the amount of ante, and is entitled to a draw."

"It is something like a lottery, and this money purchases ticket?" suggested Mr. Brownlee, with a look of profound curiosity.

"No, a draw means that if you have come in on a pair, you have a right to another deal of cards. We were playing jack pots, and there was a good-sized pot on the table."

"Who placed that pot on the table?" inquired Mr. Brownlee, sternly.

"Why, all of 'em!" answered the witness.

"Who were all of 'em?" persisted the counsel, with a grim determination. The Court was leaning anxiously over the table.

"All that were playing," said the witness.

"Give the names of all playing," shouted the counsel, while the excitement in court went up to fever pitch. The Court was leaning on both elbows, with his spectacles on; the jury pricked up their ears, while one professional, who was a little incapable, adjusted his open hand to his ear.

"Must I give the names?" pleaded the witness.

"Yes!" thundered the counsel.

"Well, there was ——, and ——, and ——, and ——, besides Meyer and Miller and myself." The names having been ejected, the Court slid back into his chair, the jury sank back upon their spinal points, counsel stopped to rest, and the audience sighed as if greatly refreshed. We would give the names, but they are in so many morocco-covered autograph albums, and on so many tailors' bills, that we think it unnecessary.

"You see, in playing jack-pots you must hold as high as jacks to—"

"Ah, yes," said Mr. Brownlee, smiling to the Court, whose lips smiled back while the jury grinned responsively. "This game is a harmless one. This comparison of 'as high as jacks' doubtless refers to Jack the Giant Killer, or Jack and the Bean Stalk."

"Jack and the—!" cried the witness. "Holding jacks means that you must hold cards as high in denomination as two jacks in order to open the pot."

"That is, take off the lid of the pot," explained Mr. Brownlee, patronizingly to the Court.

"Take off a monkey's mother!" cried the witness, with profound contempt. "There's no pot on the table the money up is called the pot, and the man who holds jacks can require the other to bet him or drop out."

"Drop out of the window or out into the next room?" asked counsel, blandly.

"Are you giving me taffy?" asked the witness.

"Taffy?" wonderingly.

"Yes, taffy, and don't you forget it. I don't take it on a stick."

Counsel argued with the Court that the plaintiff charged Meyer and Miller with having jointly won his money, and yet here were three or four other persons admitted to have been in the game. He demanded that Wiechel prove the particular dollars and cents lost at specified times. This could not be done, and, at defendant's demand, the jury gave a finding for the defendant.

A Tame Heron.

A writer says that he has a tame heron. A heron is a very large bird with very large wings, very long legs and very long neck. It lives along streams of water or by the sea in marshy places, and eats all the fish it can catch with its sharp bill and sharper eyes. This tame heron is a funny fellow. His master found him in the nest when young and raised him, until he is now full grown. He has a small pond of water in the corner of the yard, and his great delight is to fish in it. Of course, there are no fish in the pond but the heron will make believe there is, just as a cat will play with a reel of cotton making believe that the cotton is a mouse. The heron spends most of his time in the pond. He will take a small branch, or leaf, in his bill, toss it a long ways into the water and then dash at it as though it were a fish. At dusk in the evening he creeps around the quiet corners of the garden, with his long neck stretched out and legs bent, in search of mice. When he sees a mouse he pounces down on it like a cat and eats it with great relish. Indeed, that is his main fault—he eats too many things, even to sparrows or other small birds.

Law Decisions

In Pennsylvania a deed is, in contemplation of law, recorded when it is left for record at the recorder's office, and is valid notice from that time, though it be recorded in the wrong book and omitted from all the deed and mortgage indices.

Lunatics are liable for necessaries, and where a lunatic obtains the property of one who, in good faith, deals with him in ignorance of his condition, he will not be permitted to keep both the property and the price.

An architect who makes plans and specifications for a building, but who does nothing more, is not within the provisions of the mechanic's lien law and is not entitled to a lien against the building for his labor.

The payment of usurious interest after the maturity of a debt is not a vavid consideration for an agreement.

The satisfaction of a mortgage on the record may be shown to have been entered by mistake, and in that event is not conclusive as between the parties to the transaction.

Tricking the Devil.

The people of an Austrian town prayed the abbot of Einiedlin to build them a bridge, and he advertised for a builder. A number answered the advertisement, but when they saw how the Reuss roared and foamed over the rocks, they shook their heads and departed. Only two remained; one was a tall, handsome man in black and the other a poor young fellow, well-known in the country as a clever mill-wright. The tall man asked the young man, who gave his name as Christian, if he was the architect. The answer was that he had only built mill-dams, as yet, and he had studied the project for two days, but could make nothing of it. The tall man in black assured him he could make a success, as he would throw an arch simply across the torrent and that he would finish it in one evening.

"Ah?" said Christian, laughing, "why you must be the devil!"

"At your service," he answered politely. "Now, if you would like the credit, I will do the work for the consideration that you sign a contract giving me your soul."

A cold chill ran over Christian, and he was just going to commence his papers when a young peasant girl passed along the montain, singing a melodious air. The poor fellow thought of the blue eyed maiden at home, and thinking the other man was some architect amusing himself with his country simplicity, half-afraid, half-laughing, he signed the contract in full.

Christian went to the cove below and passed the night. To his infinite horror he saw the bridge was built and his own name on it as architect. He hastened to Abbot Gerald and besought his assistance, who promised to do what he could. Soon after the tall man in black appeared at the monk's house, and saluting him said:

"Abbot, you have a piece of my property here."

"Hush!" was the reply; "don't waken the young man; let us talk the matter over. Come in."

The devil glanced into the room and saw nothing but an old woman, and in a bed at the other end a form which he recognized for the young millwright's by his clothes. On taking a seat by invitation he noticed a chess-board on the table and he asked the Abbot if he played.

"A little," said the Abbot; "but it is not worth speaking of. The chief matter is you cannot have that youngster."

"Oh," said the devil, "we will see about that. The contract is in perfectly good condition."

"It is little I care about that," said the Abbot. "But the scandal of the thing; and you know that if I set myself to work you'll have a tongh time of it."

"Be reasonable, now," said the tall man. "I'll pay you for him."

"Two souls from my parishes," said the Abbot, thoughtfully; "It's too much."

"Two? Who then?" cried Satan.

Abbot Gerald pointed at the old woman.

"Ah," thought the other, "I did not know that I had claims upon her. But I do not mind her much, and always get one game out of two." He then added aloud, "I'll play for both, and that's fair."

"Well, I don t like to be hard," said Abbot Gerald, "I agree; but it's dry business playing chess."

The Abbot called the old woman and ordered her to sit in a chair by the stove.

"It is your first move, and we play for this one first."

"After you," said the devil politlely.

"By no means, I am at home," said Gerald.

So the devil took the move, and after a pretty tough game the Abbot checkmated him completely.

"You are strong at chess, Abbot Gerald—you have won that one there," and he pointed to the old woman.

"So you give up all claim, now and forever?"

"Oh, honor bright. Would you have me cheat you after so much politeness? I yield every inch. But now for the other"

"I am tired," said Abbot Gerald: "I think that we will not play any further. I'll give you the other—only take him quietly."

"You are very courteous," said the devil, as he walked to the bed and tapped the sleeper as he breathed heavily.

"Humph!" said the sleeper.

"That's not the best of good manners," said the other; "get up when I bid you!" and he pulled away the clothes.

The sleeper was a great pig, with the millwright's clothes ranged about it; and as Satan turned round, he saw the old woman stripped of her mask, and there was Christian, pale enough but smiling.

"That's a shabby trick you have played me, Abbot Gerald," said the devil, "but I'll batter your bridge again."

"Try it," said Abbot Gerald laughing heartily, as the other flew out banging the door in his rage.

The devil got half way to the place, when he met the procession returning. They had blessed the bridge while the game of chess lasted, and he had no more power over it.

It was so that Abbot Gerald tricked the devil.

Where did Lo Come From.

The origin of the American Indians, who are always a theme of painful interest with us, continues to be variously discussed by anthropologists. Recently a German writer has put forward one theory on the subject, and an English writer has put forward another and directly opposite theory. The difference of opinion concerning our aborigimals among authors who have made a profound study of races is at once curious and interesting. Blumenbach treats them in his classifications as a distinct variety of the human family; but, in the threefold division of Dr. Latham, they are ranked among the Mongoldæ. Other writers on race regard them as a branch of the great Mongolian family, which, at a distant period, found its was from Asia to this continent, and remained here for centuries separate from the rest of mankind, passing, meanwhile, through divers phases of barbarism and civilization. Morton, our eminent ethnologist, and his followers, Nott and Glidden, claim for our native red men an origin as distinct as the flora and fauna of this continent. Prichard, whose views are apt to differ from Morton's, find reason to believe, on comparing the American tribes together, that they must have formed a separate department of nations from the earliest period of the world. The era of their existence as a distinct and insulated people must probably be dated back to the time which separated into nations the inhabitants of the Old World, and gave to each its individuality and primitive language. Dr. Robert Brown, the latest authority, attributes, in his "Races of Mankind," an Asiatic origin to our aboriginals. He says that the Western Indians not only personally resemble their nearest neighbors—the Northeastern Asiatics—but they reassemble them in language and traditions. The Esquimaux on the American and the Tchucktchis on the Asiatic side understand one another perfectly. Modern anthropologist, indeed, are disposed to think that Japan, the Kuriles, and neighboring regions, may be regarded as the original home of the greater part of the native American race. It is also admited by them that between the tribes scattered from the Arctic Sea to Cape Horn there is more uniformity of physical feature than is seen in any other quarter of the globe. The weight of evidence and authority is altogether in favor of the opinion that our so-called Indians are a branch of the Mongolian family, and all additional researches strengthen the opinion. The tribes of both North and South America are unquestionably homogeneous, and, in all likelihood, had their origin in Asia, though they have been altered and modified by thousands of years of total separation from the parent stock.

Senatorial Reminiscences.

Ex-Senator McCreary, of Kentucky, is a great lover of tobacco in its natural state, but as the price of the weed was a little too high for his ideas of luxury, he always brought a supply with him to Washington from his farm in old "Kentuck." One day in the Senate he put his hand in the pocket of his "swallow-tail" for the scrap of plug which was generally to be found there, but it was missing. So he called a riding page and told him to go to his hotel in Georgetown (you can live in Georgetown for ninety cents per day), and bring a piece of tobacco about two inches long, which he said would be found on his bedroom table. Well, the boy rode over to the hotel, three miles distant, and returned with the fragrant plug. The Kentucky statesman looked first at the youth and then at the tobacco. "Young man," said he, "you can't come it that way. There's a chew missing."

On another occasion a package was received for him at the Senate postoffice, and the clerk in charge paid the duties, which were thirty-cents. He took the package to the silver-tongued apostle of the blue-grass region, and told him the circumstances. "Too much," replied McCreery; "I never pay more than twenty-five cents for a package like that. Here's a quarter. I can't afford to pay the other five. You'll have to stand it yourself."

Ex-Senator Goldthwaite, of Alabama, was noted for his absent-mindedness, and he was occasionally seen running about the senate trying to get out, and not being able to find the door. He would have the page-boys in the Senate looking for his hat or cane, which would be all the while firmly clasped in his hand. He was much given to walking up and down the lobby, plunged in deep thought, often smoking a fragrant Havana, and entirely oblivious of all about him. Often some cheeky page of the senate would walk up and ask the Senator for a light. Mr. Goldthwaite would mechanically hand over his cigar, the boy would take a light, put the choice weed in his precious mouth, and hand over his old stump to the old gentleman, who would continue his stroll in blissful ignorance. It is related on good authority that, in one of his fits of abstraction, he walked into the Senate elevator, dropped a nickel into the hole back of the mirror, and calmly requested to be let out at "H" street.

Home Education.

The following rules are worthy of being printed in letters of gold, and placed in a conspicuous place in every household:

1. From your children's earliest infancy, inculcate the necessity of instant obedience.

2. Unite firmness with gentleness. Let your children always understand that you mean what you say.

3. Never promise them anything unless you are quite sure you can give what you say.

4. If you tell a child to do something, show him how to do it, and see that it is done.

5. Always punish your child for willfully disobeying you, but never punish them in anger.

6. Never let them perceive that they vex you, or make you lose your self command.

7. If they give way to petulance or illtemper, wait till they get calm, and then calmly reason with them on the impropriety of their conduct.

8. Remember that a little present punishment when the occasion arises is much more effectful than the threatening of a greater punishment should the fault be renewed.

9. Never give your children anything because they cry for it.

10. On no account allow them to do at one time what you have forbidden, under the same circumstances, at another.

11. Teach them that the only sure and easy way to appear good is to be good.

12. Accustom them to make their little recitals with perfect truth.

13. Never allow tale-bearing.

14. Teach them self-denial, not self-indulgence of an angry and resentful spirit.

In School.

A schoolboy being asked by the teacher how he should flog him, replied:

"If you please, sir, I should like to have it upon the Italian system of penmanship—the heavy strokes upward, and the down ones light."

Schoolmistress (pointing to the first letter of the alphabet): Come, now, what is that?"

Scholar: I shan't tell you.

Schoolmistress: You won't, but you must. Come, now, what is it?

Scholar: I shan't tell you. I didn't come here to teach you, but for you to teach me.

A country schoolmaster had two pupils, to one of whom he was partial and to the other severe. One morning it happened that these two boys were late, and were called up to account for it.

"You must have heard the bell, boys; why did you not come?"

"Please, sir," said the favorite, "I was dreaming that I was going to Margate, and I thought the school bell was the steamboat bell."

"Very well," said the master, glad of any pretext to excuse his favorite.

"And now, sir," turning to the other, "what have you to say?"

"Please, sir," said the puzzled boy, 'I—I was waiting to see Tom off."

Ready Men.

The rarest recorded instance of readiness was undoubtedly that of Foote, the comedian. He had given offence to a famous duellist of the day, who had vowed vengeance, and was only waiting to meet the luckless actor. Foote was told of it, and kept out of his way for a long time. At last they met at an inn where the actor generally dined, and where the duellist happened quite casua ly to come in. Foote saw his danger when it was too late; but, as his enemy said nothing, did his best to entertain him and keep him in good humor. No one could be more diverting when he choose, and here he was not only very anxious but very successful. He told one story after another. He kept the table in a roar. The fire-eater became quite pacific, and was delighted with his new friend. Foote passed from one good story to an other, and at last took to imitating different people, a practice for which he had extraordinary facility. The other guests got quite uproarious with the fun, when suddenly the luckless actor saw from the face of his enemy that he had inadvertently imitated one of his friends. The duellist was, in fact, putting his hand in his pocket to pull out a card and present it as the preliminary to a challenge, when he turned round to the mimic and said in a dry, satiric voice, "Really, Mr. Foote, you are so uncommonly clever in taking other people off, I wonder whether you could take yourself off." "Oh, certainly," said Foote, and he walked straightway into the street. Here his readiness probably saved him his life.

It is noticeable how the characters of mind and body correspond, and how the ready man is generally quick in his movements, prompt in action and fertile in resource. The great Napoleon used to say that no quality was so rare or so valuable as (what he called) two-o'clock-in-the morning courage. The power of suddenly changing front and altering the whole scheme of a campaign was precisely what the greatest of all modern strategists would admire. He himself eminently possessed it. The man who had the wit to say to the aristocrat who taunted him with his lack of ancestry, "*Moi je suis ancetre*," possessed a readiness of words as well as of action. He was not likely to lose either his head or his tongue. But this kind of promptitude is rarely coupled with staying power. It is distinctly meteoric, and part of the brilliancy is due to the gloom which follows it. And, therefore, the nations who most possess it are also purposeless, and without reserve of force. One very amusing instance of military readiness is given in Napler's "Memoirs." The troops were defiling down a narrow gorge in India, when suddenly a mad bull was seen charging down at full swing and with tremendous impetus. The captain had presence of mind enough to give the word of command, which his soldiers mechanically followed. The order he gave sounds singular enough. It was this: "Prepare to receive cavalry." The soldiers obeyed, and the unfortunate bull was impaled on their bayonets. This episode has always been cited as an instance of the courage of the British soldiery. It seems rather to illustrate the courage of the Indian bull.

Set Right at Last.

A few days ago a citzen who does business on Congress street, Detroit, was drawn to his office door by a windy war of words between two men. Both seemed ready to fight if they had backing, and the citizen was looking as if ready to back the smaller one, when a man with a stiff neck and a painful gait came along, took in the situation, and said to the citizen:

"Keep still—don't say a word—don't palliate a conflict!"

The conflict was declared "off" and the men went their ways, and the citzen returned to his desk. In the course of the afternoon, the man with the stiff neck entered the office, passed the time of day and said:

"Out here this morning I made use of a word which I want to correct. I asked you to "palliate" a conflict. I meant 'participate,' not palliate. Good-day, sir,"

Next morning at 8 o' clock, when the citizen got off the car, the old chap was waiting for him on the corner, and, halting him against a stone wall, he said:

"I called upon you yesterday to explain that I meant 'participate' instead of palliate."

"Yes, you did."

"I now desire to inform you that I didn't mean either one one. I meant 'preticipate.' I have used the word a thousand times, and I don't see how I misspoke myself as I did."

"Oh, that's all right—no harm done," laughed the citizen.

"No, no particular harm, but I want things right if they can be made so."

They separated. Near the close of the second day thereafter the old man entered the office again, placed his hat on the floor, wiped off his chin and said:

"I now desire to inform you that I didn't mean 'preticipate' after all. It was probably the excitment of the moment which made me say 'palliate,' and then I got mixed in the others. What I meant to have said was 'precipitate a conflict, you see. I am now set right at last, and I bid you good-by."

Paying for a Good Thing.

A circus wagon, bearing the sign, "Trained Animals," together with a landscape supposed to have been sketched in the interior of Africa, was hauled down to a blacksmith shop on Griswold street, Detroit, for repairs to the running gear. The cage itself was closed and locked, and a dozen boys soon gathered and wondered what was inside. Pretty soon along came a man who asked of the blacksmith:

"What's in there, anyhow?"

"Oh! nothing gnu," was the quiet reply.

The stranger walked around the cage several times, shook his head like one in trouble and went his way. In an hour or so he returned with an awful grin on his face, chuckled around for awhile, and then said:

"That was a purty good thing you got off. I didn't tumble for an hour, but it was good."

"What did I got off?" asked the innocent smith as he crawled from under the wagon.

"What! never! Well, hardly ever—ha! ha! ha! I ought to have tumbled sooner, for a feller in our town told me the joke over a week ago, but you looked so serious I didn't mistrust you! Ah! you are an old joker, you are an old joker, you are! Hardly ever—ha! ha! ha! Let's go over and take a drink on that. I'm always willing to pay for a good thing!"

The Millheim Journal.

THUSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1880

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at **$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE**

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square....	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,.	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column..	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

WALTER & DEININGER, Publishers.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

On Sunday morning Rev. C. F. Deininger will preach a missionary sermon in German.

Rev. C. F. Deininger, Preacher-in-charge.—Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Quarterly meeting next Sabbath. Preaching Saturday evening, Sunday morning and Sunday evening. Communion services on Sunday morning. Rev. S. C. Swallow, Presiding Elder, is expected to be present.

Rev. W. R. Whitney, Preacher-in-charge.—Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

The charge is at present without a pastor.

Rev. J. G. Shoemaker, of Kansas, will preach in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, and in the St. Pauls church in the afternoon.

United Brethren.

Rev. John Landis, Preacher-in charge.—

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

English preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.—B. O. Deininger, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. R. A. Bumiller, Sec. R. B. Hartman, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M. D. L. Zerby, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month. A. Walter, Sec. B. O. Deininger, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings. F. P. Otto, Sec. F. Harter, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1880.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N. W.,	Wm. Galbraith	Bellefonte
" S. W.	W C Heinle	"
" W W.	Wm Harper	"
Milesburg	Frank E Bible	Milesburg
Unionville	P J McDonnell	Unionville
Howard	A J Gardner	Howard
Philipsburg	C G Herlinger	Philipsb'g
Millheim	J H Reifsnyder	Millheim
Benner	Uriah Stover	Bellefonte
Boggs	Jas A McClain	Milesburg
Burnside	Wm Hepple	Pine Glenn
College	Sam'l Gilliland	Boalsburg
Curtin	David Delong	Howard
Ferguson, O. P.	Dan Driebelbis	State Col
" N. P.	O M Sheets	Stormston
Gregg	L M Rishel	Spring M's
Haines	George Keister	Aaronsb'g
Halfmoon	John Ward	Stormsto'n
Harris	Sam'l Ishler	Boalsburg
Howard	David Tanyer	Howard
Huston	H G Chronister	Martha
Liberty	W H Gardner	Blanchard
Marion	John Hoy, Jr.	Walker
Miles	Sam'l K Faust	Millheim
Patton	G W Rumberger	Fillmore
Penn	W F Smith	Millheim
Potter, N. P.	D F Luse	Centre Hall
" S. P.	G W Spangler	Tusseyv'e
Rush	William Cullen	Philipsb g
Snow Shoe	John G Uzzle	Snow Shoe
Spring	E C Wood	Bellefonte
Taylor	Samuel Hoover	Fowler
Union	J S Fredericks	Fleming
Walker	Samuel Decker	Zion
Worth	G R Williams	P't Matilda

J. L. SPANGLER, Chairman.

FRANK E. BIBLE, Secretary.

GRANT.

Don Cameron's State Convention. The Machine Puts Things Through.

The Radical Cameron meeting of Pennsylvania came off at Harrisburg, last Wedne day, the 4th inst., to ratify the selections made some time ago by Senator Don Cameron, of candidates for the several offices to be filled by the voters, at the election next fall.

As the merest matter of form there was first a temporary and then a permanent chairman appointed, committees were named and resolutions passed just as if it were a real political convention representing a great party when every one knows, and none feel it so keenly and pointedly, as those of our Republican friends who would still like to preserve a spark of independence and manhood, that the convention did what Don Cameron bade them, or permitted them to do—no more no less. The Republicans of the state are Cameron's absolute property, but they seem to enjoy this new system of vassalage right well.

Grant is nominated for President just as Don decreed he should be, although fully four-fifths of the rank and file of the party are opposed to him—opposed to him generally, because they are opposed to everything that smacks of third-term-ism; opposed to him specially, because Grant's administration was the most corrupt one known to American history.

The nomination of Green, for Supreme Judge, and Lemon for Auditor General, were matters of comparative minor interest, and had of course been settled before the convention, by Boss Cameron.

A sett of machine resolutions were passed, but the Republicans have just as little confidence in them as have the Democrats. One paragraph, however is so supremely ludicrous as to cause the inquiry why Don Cameron permitted such trifling by his serfs, in view of the gravity of the situation. It is the "*seventhly*" of the fifth resolution and reads thus:

An honest count of all votes legally cast and and an honest return of whoever is elected, free from all attempts to defraud the people of their choice through technicalities or by an arbitrary rejection of their votes.

The Democratic National Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Frederick P. Prince, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, has sent notices to its members, inviting them to meet at Willard's Hotel in this city, on Monday the 23rd inst., to select a place and time for the meeting of the Democratic National Convention. The latter part of June or first of July will probably be the time chosen for holding the Convention. Cincinnati, St Louis and Louisville are spoken of as the cities where the Convention may be held. A strong influence will be brought to bear to induce the Committee to select Washington instead of a western town. Excellent hotel accomodations are afforded here, and it is said that the new National Museum building will be then far enough advanced toward completion to give splendid hall room for the Convention.

Our Washington Letter.

Mr. Conger, of Michigan, made an exhibition of himself again yesterday. He objected to a bill to remove the disabilities of a southern man, taking the ground that the man should in his petition have described himself as a rebel and a traitor. The sooner the Democratic party passes a general bill on this subject, making it a party measure if necessary, the sooner it will do its full duty, and radicals of the calibre of Conger will be deprived of power to make themselves hated by posterity. The time is coming when the memory of men like S. P. Chase, Lyman Trumbull and William H Seward, will again be honored by Republicans in the north, and when that day comes creatures like Conger will disappear from public thought. Representative Young of Tennessee will reply to Mr. Conger next week.

A fuller investigation of the conduct of Indian affairs is to be had. There is no doubt of that, Secretary Schurz can rder it, or Congress will Profligate expenditure, frauds by the head of the Bureau, and others, failure to feed the Indians according to treaty, and the absolute and cowardly neglect of reasonable efforts to punish those Utes who months ago forfeited their lives by infamous crimes, make up a statement of grievances against the Bureau and against the Secretary of the Interior, which should be investigated and which there is a determination to investigate.

The time has come when the Government of the United States must take some decided steps to control the construction of the canal across the Isthmus of Panama. The necessities of Commerce and trade demands that the barrier between the two oceans be removed, and De Lesseps is only expressing the advanced sentiments of all Commercial nations. The passage of the canal through a semi civiliz d country requires the guarantee of some powerful government. Unless this government can and will extend the needed protection, it cannot afford to insist upon the enforcement of the Monroe Doctrine against France or England whose interests as wel as ours demand an early completion of that highway. The people of this country are ready to stand by the Monroe doctrine, and insist that foreign governments shall not, upon any pretext, obtain a foot hold upon this continent. This doctrine should be asserted most emphatically — and the great work should be done under the control of our own government. Once let a French colony be established upon the Isthmus and how long before the French government will be called upon to protect it, and thereby extend its influence and power against the United States. The matter deserves the serious and imediate attention of Congress.

CARROLL.

THE Republicans of Chester county are just now amusing themselves by getting up a mutiny against the Cameron Dynasty. They say that the square thing wasn't done at Harrisburg, with Blaine and they are unwilling to submit to Don's dictation.

A meeting was held at West Chester, on the 8th, which was largely attended, and resolutions were passed looking to the holding of another state convention, at which it is of course expected to have Blame nominated.

That's right, boys, go for Don, dethrone him, take away all power from him, force him to resign his seat in the Senate, and then elect a man who is fit to represent the great state of Pennsylvania in the highest council of the nation. Displace Don, and then send a "gentleman and a scholar," one that could fitly take his seat beside the able and efficient Democratic Senator—the Hon. W. A. Wallace.

SOME think that Col. Mosby should be appointed Indian Commissioner, instead of the scoundrel Hoyt, but Mosby wouldn't answer very well, as he is much too honest. How would Ex-Senator John J. Patterson, of South Carolina, do?

THE Philadelphia *Press* is quite sure that Tilden will be the next Democratic candidate for President, but very spitefully refuses to tell where it got the secret. Now we consider such action downright mean for such a big paper.

A Sensational paragraph is going the rounds of the papers to the effect that President Tilden is soon to be married to Miss Fannie Rauck, of Lewisburg, but the *Chronicle* of that place gives the matter the quietus by stating that "Of course, it is a falsehood, manufactured out of whole cloth, and to none was it more a matter of news than to Miss Rauck." That settles the matter. The *Chronicle* man no doubt knows.

Two miles of railroad have been built on the ice, crossing the St. Lawrence River at Montreal. The ties and stringers are laid flat, and then water is pumped between them to freeze, thus making a solid bed.

John McCarty has been convicted at Ottowa, Ont., of cutting the tongue out of a horse belonging to a widow, who had refused to marry him, and was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

AUDITORS' REPORT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY, FROM JAN. 1., 1879, JAN. 1., 1880.

DR.

ADAM YEARICK, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH CENTRE COUNTY, JAN. 1., 1880.

To taxes outstanding, Jan. 1, 1879	$65,163.61	
To taxes assessed for 1879	42,515.30	
To amount received of Commissioners on loans	22,854.57	
To amount received of Commissioners, costs and collections	458.58	
To amount received of Clearfield county, balance on Moshannon bridge	1,145.86	
To amount received of Patton township, insane account	10.52	
To amount received of College township, insane account	100 00	
To amount received of Spring township, insane account	209.51	
To am't rec'd, rent of house	48.09	
To registration blanks sold	5.70	
		132,511.65
To balance on hand Jan. 1, 1880	3,727.17	

CR.

Jan. 1., 1880.		
By taxes outstanding	$67,023.36	
By county orders paid	53,264.73	
By amount State Treasurer receipt	3,960.28	
By commission on State tax paid	168.35	
By exonerations allowed collectors	1,082.10	
By commissions allowed collec-	1,275.66	
By salary	2,000.00	
By stationery	10.00	
Balance	3,727.17	
		132,511.65

We the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the above account of Adam Yearick, Treasurer of Centre county, and find it correct.

Witness our hands and seals this 23d day of January, A. D. 1880.

T. B. JAMISON, [L.S.]
JAMES T. STUART, [L.S.] Auditors.
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [L.S.]

EXPENDITURES.

Commissioners' Pay.

Andrew Gregg	$ 714.48	
Jacob Dunkle	185.00	
George Swab	260.00	
Henry Beck, Commis'r's Clerk	700.00	
		$1,859.43

Jury Commissioners' Pay.

N. J. Mitchell	36.72	
Henry Keller	24.70	
Henry Beck, clerk	35 00	
		96.42

County Auditors' Pay.

James T. Stuart	30.00	
G. R. Williams	30.00	
T B. Jamison	30.00	
C. L. Buffington, clerk	30.00	
		120,00

Improvement and Repairs.

John Markle, for fence at jail	1.88	
D. W. Eberhart, for work at jail stable	2.50	
J. W. Barnes, for gas fitting	4.15	
John Gregg, for work at furnace jail	8.25	
Penna. R. R. Co., for freight on lumber	71.68	
Wm Lucas, for work at jail	84.75	
M. J. Dolan, " "	6.00	
Adams Express Co., for freight on pipes for jail	1.65	
C. Derr, hydrant for jail	10.00	
J. W. Barnes, hydrant for jail	12.89	
Thomas Mathews & Son, lumber for jail	243.72	
Henry Walkey, labor at jail	35.00	
C. W. Corman, " "	5.50	
A. Carr, brass cocks for jail	17.00	
Jno D Lieb & Co, lumber for jail	38.63	
R. Barlett, hauling for jail	29	
Samuel Brugger, specifications for jail	11.25	
O. W. Lambert, repairing at jail	20.00	
Wm Galbraith, plumbing at jail	23.70	
Jas Harris & Co., bill material for jail	242.11	
D. W. Woodring, for watching at jail	4 50	
B. & S. S. R. R. Co., joist for Treasurer's office	6.46	
John Wetzel, carpenter work at jail	56.00	
		907.13

Court Expenses.

Jurors' pay	$5,162.85	
Commonwealth Costs	2,486.91	
J. H. Vosburg, court reporter	280.00	
W. F. Reber, court reporter	274.28	
B. Galbraith, court crier	162.00	
B. Gailbraith, janitor	350.00	
Tipstave's pay	363.50	
M. J. Dolan, special detective	200.00	
Court Proclamations by Sheriff Spangler	122.28	
Summoning jurors, by Sheriff	183.00	
		9,584.82

County Prison Expenses.

Mrs. Shaffer, washing for prisoners	$ 25.05	
Mrs. Price, wash. for prisoners	27.70	
Joseph Bros. & Co., clothing for prisoners	24.91	
Harper Bros. cloth. for pris'rs.	50.08	
S & A Loeb, mdse. for prison	37.89	
" " " "	28.30	
Robert McKnight, gas bill	234.05	
Geo Dolan, work at cesspool	3.50	
J H Fellenbaum, rep'ng locks	3.50	
Daniel Derr, gas fittings	5.35	
W S Galbraith, plumbing	9.49	
W T Twitmire, repairs at jail	7.40	
D Eberhart, repairs at jail	1.91	
J Reynolds & Son, water back and grate	10.50	
Penna R. R. Co, freight on water back and grate	50	
Jno McDermott, remv'ng ashes	4.00	
Frank Johnson, cleaning pipes	75	
J S Mallory, repairing bedst'ds	11.50	
Alvin Brady, cleaning pipes	1.00	
Wm Lucas, repairs at stable	4.00	
Wm Gares, repairs at cells	5.00	
H O Hoffer, spittoons for jail	7.00	
		503.30

Printing Bills.

F L Hutters, administrator's bill	192.81	
E T Tuten	59.15	
Slingert & Forster	214.51	
Fred Kurtz	51.50	
Walter & Deininger	50.00	
E C Bender	50.00	
		617.97

Bridges.

Bridge views	$ 36.30	
Murray, Dougal & Co., balance of account from 1878	1,284.40	
Milesburg bridge—		
Murray, Dougal & Co, for iron bridge	$2,589.80	
Jonas Spearing, contractor	950.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	124.26	
Geo Rider, for railing at ends	5.80	
		3,669.36
Unionville bridge—		
G W Forrey, contractor	470.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	18.00	
		488.00
Spring Mills bridge—		
John Coldron, contractor	60.00	
Port Matilda Bridge—		
Jonas Spearing, contractor	765.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	75.64	
		840.64
Repairs at Unionville bridge	23.83	
Repairs at Karthous bridge	12.00	
Repairs at Beech Creek bridge	29.97	
Signs and finger boards on iron bridges	154.93	
Repairs at Howard dam bridge	420.47	
Repairs at Julian bridge	1.00	
Repairs at Curtin bridge	8.00	
Commissioners' expenses to bridges	40.58	
		7,069.89

ORDINARY EXPENSES.

Teachers' Institute	$ 144.24
Western Penitentiary	343.04
Road damages	75.00
D. A. Musser, balance of account	824.27
Agricultural Society	100.00
Jno Spangler, Sheriff on account	1,394.72
J H Dobbins, sal'y as jail phy	100.00
J R & C T Alexander, coal for Court House and Jail	690 30
L L Brown	110.61
Potter Twp, on case lunacy	21 25
Ferguson " " "	22.69
Worth " " "	5.00
Rush " " "	15.00
Assessors pay	1,273.00
C M Bower, Com's attorney	75.00
Road views	570.40
Running line between Union and Benner townships	54.00
Running Marion township line	200.63
Constable's pay	418.51
Election expenses	1,340.43
Scalp premiums	1,335.60
Redemption U. S. Lands	283.35
Refunding tax	24.27
Insurance on county buildings	115.50
Interest on loans paid	3,122.89
Commissions on lunacy	31.32
Inquisitions on dead bodies	62.12
Notes paid	16,161.63
Premiums to collectors	23 00
Commission to C M Bower for collections made	153.01
Tax paid on real estate held by county	5.15
Hospital for insane, Danville	2,624.91
Robert McKnight, gas bills	143.50
L L Beck, copying registrations	30.00
J P Gephart, acknowledging Commissioner's deeds	50.00
Books and stationery for Commissioner's office	22.92
Jos W Sanderson, for Judges' Chairs	60.00
Reeder and Keller, clerks election returns	10.00
Ira C Mitchell, attorney's fee in 7 cases	21.00
H A Mingle, services at Auditor's settlement	6.00
J N Hall, services at Auditor's settlement	9.00
Adams Express Co., freight on blanks, &c.	4.20
Penna R R Co., freight on chairs, etc.	4.19
Dan'l Garman, meals for jurors and hire	15.00
W T Twitmire repairs at stoves	12.40
Jno T Johnston, postage, envelopes, etc.	36.07
H Beck, entering 88 cases in Docket	13.34
Jno McDermott, removing ashes at Court House	8.00
J S Mallory, repair'g gate at C H	4.00
Lieb & Garbrick, ice for Court H	3.50
Williams & Bro, glazing at C H	2.60
Costs in county vs. Philipsburg Borough	93.62
Wm Mann and others, books for offices	143.85
J C Harper, repairs at Prothy's office	3.82
W A Morrison, Com. Pleas cost.	10.02
Harper Bros., bill carpet C H	24.15
J Harris & Co., bill hose, &c. "	26.86
W A Sebroyer, covering tables at Court House	6.00
Sundry persons, for soap, binding carpet, &c.	2.75
D Everhart, repairing at Recorder's office	1.50
Wilson, McFarlane & Co, hardware at Court House	11.35
Wood for Court House	3.25
Mrs. Haller, scrubbing office	1.00
Jno Brackbill, stools for office	1.00
	—32,505.73
Total expenditures	$53,264.73

JOHN SPANGLER, SHERIFF, IN ACCOUNT WITH CENTRE COUNTY, JAN. 1, 1880.

DR.

To county orders received on account	$1,700.00
To costs received	61.57
Balance	754.76
	$2,516.33

CR.

By boarding prisoners 3,197 days, at 40 cts	$1,278.80
" 94 turnkey fees at 80 cts.	75.20
" conveying 6 prisoners to penitentiary, 4 at $40.00 and 2 at $30.00 each	220.00
" conveying C Price to house of refuge	48.56
" conveying 5 to insane asylum at $40	200.00
" publishing court proclamation January term	28.50
" publishing court proclamation April term	24.00
" publishing court proclamation, August term	19.00
" publishing court proclamation, November term	27.40
" publishing court proclamation, January term, 1880	19.00
" Sheriff's fees on court proclamations, 4 Courts,	4.00
" publishing fish proclamat'n	9.05
" Sheriff's fees on general election proclamation	4.90
" summoning jury, March special term	14.00
" summon'g jury, April term	34.00
" summon'g jury, Aug. term	34.00
" summon'g jury Oct. special term	14.00
" summon'g jury Nov. term	47.00
" summoning jury, January term, 1880	40.00
" bill lumber, soap, spoons, etc., for jail	36.06
" filling and mending 42 ticks at 50 cts.	21.00
" costs on Fi Fa, No. 20, April term	2.19
" Sundry costs, Jan. term	14.58
" " " Aug. term	18.29
" Commonwealth costs	53.74
" D F Fortney's order	34.25
" removing fish baskets Penns, Pine and Elk creeks	42.59
" removing fish baskets Spring creek	10.40
" removing fish baskets Logans Branch	4.08
" removing fish baskets River	51.52
" removing fish baskets Moshannon	43.50
" filling jury wheel 4 days	16.00
" expenses after Ringgold and Baumgardner	27.62
	$2,516.33

By balance due Sheriff at settlement, Jan. 1, 1880 $754.76

State of Penn'a, Centre county, } S. S.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that in pursuance of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers," we met at the commissioners' office, in Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday in January, 1880, and did audit and settle and adjust the several accounts set forth in the foregoing statement.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 23d day of January, 1880.

T. B. JAMISON, [S.L.]
JAMES T. STUART, [S.L.] Auditors.
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [S.L.]

TAXES OUTSTANDING AND DUE THE COUNTY BY COLLECTORS.

1871		
*H Carton, Bellefonte	$ 207 28	$ 207 28
1872		
*John Ward, Half Moon	256 97	
*D Robb, Liberty	14 52	271 49
1873		
*Daniel Malone, Boggs	7 61	
‡L C Rerick, Marion	36 07	43 68
1874		
*Joseph Fox, Bellefonte	973 11	
*William Riddles, Philipsburg	845 93	
*Fred Kerchoff, Curtin	123 28	
*William Cross, Half Moon	8 72	
*H B Wilcox, Rush	558 11	
*D H Yeager, Snow Shoe	75 75	2584 90
1875		
*Charles Brown, Bellefonte	768 83	
*J P Shope, Milesburg	223 99	
*H L Barnhart, Boggs	55 91	
*Jno T Lucas, Curtin	29 11	
*H B Wilcox, Rush	76 74	
*James Watson, Snow Shoe	84 60	1235 18
1876		
*J H Morrison, Bellefonte	652 52	
*T M Hall, Milesburg	144 37	
‡W C McCutcheon, Philipsburg	18 51	
*William Mann, Curtin	4 32	
*David Harter, Marion	240 09	
*William Weiser, Penn	324 37	
*G W Koch, Potter	753 06	
*John Noll, Spring	381 18	2518 42
1877		
‡R L Shirk, Milesburg	176 22	
‡Jackson Gorton, Philipsburg	179 66	
H C Holter, Howard	125 46	
Uriah Stover, Benner	395 96	
‡J C Walker, Boggs	315 10	
Emanuel Musser, College	434 02	
†Conrad Singer, Curtin	137 52	
W H Fry, Ferguson	1681 83	
John Myers, Harris	277 09	
Geo Gensamer, Half Moon	446 54	
J .. Kline, Howard	358 72	
David Robb, Liberty	409 03	
D W Orr, Marion	254 87	
Joel Morris, Miles	197 50	
G W F Gray, Patton	316 85	
William Smith, Penn	102 38	
‡Henry Swab, Potter	758 37	
F H Dale, Rush	84 00	
H J Tibbins, Spring	927 83	
William Miller, Taylor	107 68	
‡J T Dunkle, Walker	183 93	
‡W H Williams, Worth	57 19	7927 75
1878		
William Jones, Bellefonte	595 58	
E H Carr, Milesburg	199 00	
E O Mattern, Philipsburg	470 97	
Sam'l Brickley, Howard borough	182 12	
†Chas Smith, Unionville	11 66	
Thomas Perdue, Benner	1087 21	
‡J C Walker, Boggs	882 23	
‡Jno A Rupp, College	720 08	
Henry Thiel, Curtin	134 86	
John H Gates, Ferguson	653 30	
‡C P Leitzell, Gregg	1221 23	
D H Rote, Haines	171 16	
Jno Carper, Jr., Harris	364 70	
Ellis Lytle, Half Moon	81 49	
‡John Craig, Huston	291 91	
D M Burlew, Liberty	248 02	
‡William Irvin, Marion	636 44	
‡William Tressler, Patton	459 36	
John D Foote, Penn	1502 67	
Jas C Boal, Potter	529 31	
F H Dale, Rush	658 26	
‡A J Swartz, Spring	1603 64	
Jos Thompson, Snow Shoe	126 76	
Samuel Hoover, Taylor	293 09	
‡Kline Zimmerman, Walker	504 09	
Samuel Stephens, Worth	190 71	13909 30
1879		
‡A C Musser, Millheim	435 64	
‡Dan'l Ayers, Philipsburg	562 03	
A N Russell, Unionville	229 16	
‡W A Taylor, Benner	1556 54	
J M Stuart, Burnside	192 63	
J C Walker, Boggs	1161 56	
†Wm Foster, College	2454 67	
‡Henry Thiel, Curtin	230 44	
‡Geo W Kichline, Ferguson	2884 05	
‡Cyrus Lose, Gregg	3002 73	
‡Jacob Bower, Jr, Haines	1564 47	
J H Griffin, Half Moon	894 12	
‡D W Kline, Huston	378 73	
‡J M Kline, Howard township	352 85	
‡C A Corter, Liberty	698 57	
‡J J Hoy, Marion	1194 52	
‡Geo B Haines, Miles	1601 35	
‡Daniel Heckman, Patton	1046 75	
‡C Alexander, Penn	1343 72	
‡J W Messinger, Potter	3568 12	
‡John B Long, Rush	518 15	
‡John Garbrick, Spring	2446 88	
‡Samuel Bower, Snow Shoe	302 24	
Jno T Fowler, Taylor	392 86	
Wm Spotts, Union	204 78	
‡David Yocum, Walker	2390 26	
‡Geo R Williams, Worth	295 33	
‡William Miles, Milesburg	428 35	
‡Robert Cook, Jr. Howard boro	320 30	
‡J M Keichline, Bellefonte	3946 56	
Benjamin Stamm, Harris twp,	1723 00	38321 36
Total taxes outstanding		$67,023 36

* In hands of attorney for collection.
† Paid in full since Jan. 1st.
‡ Paid in part since Jan. 1st.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF CENTRE CO., JAN. 1, 1880.

To notes and bonds outstanding	$93,564.70	
" balance due John Spangler, Sheriff	754.76	
" balance due Geo Swab	49.50	
" balance due Jac Dunkle	187.50	
		$94,556.46
To balance due by Centre Co.	$7,815.59	

By amount in hands of Co. Treasurer	$ 3,727.17	
" notes of sundry persons held by commissioners	2,400.00	
" notes in hands of A Hoy for collection	1,827.32	
" notes in hands of A C Bower for collection	1,058.10	
" taxes outstanding Jan. 1, 1880	67,023.36	
" amount due from boroughs and townships for insane bills, as follows:		
" Rush twp	111.32	
" Philipsburg borough	2,811.15	
" Benner twp.	405.49	
" Spring twp	2,199.15	
" Milesburg borough	27 .90	
" Huston twp	896.07	
" Bellefonte borough	1,813.22	
" Potter twp	121,12	
" Worth twp	125.25	
" Liberty twp.	179.78	
" Ferguson twp	147.05	
" College twp	210.44	
" Partridge Est	70.00	
" balance due from A Gregg	173.74	
" balance due from L W Munson	293.24	
" Real estate held by county	419.04	
" balance from Clearfield county, (common pleas costs)	430.96	
" Harris twp. fire commission	20.00	
" balance	7,815.59	
		94,556.46

CENTRE COUNTY, SS.

We the undersigned, Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county, from Jan. 1, 1879 to Jan. 1, 1880. Witness our hands.

ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB, } Com'rs.
JAC. DUNKLE,

Attest: HENRY BECK, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Magdalene Garret late of Miles township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing temselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB SHULTZ, Executor.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Neese, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowin themselves indebted to said estate, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

S. J. HERING,
WM. H. NEESE,
4-6t Administrators.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Harriett Breon, late of Haines township, deceased, havin been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

P. T. MUSSER,
4-6t Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, on the estate of George Snyder, late of Haines township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL SNYDER,
Administrator,
3-6t *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo.*

JOHN H. GRAY,

Fashionable Barber.

Two doors west of Millheim Hotel,

MILLHEIM, PA.

CENTRE COUNTY FARMERS' HOME,

THE BUSH HOUSE.

Prices to Suit the Times.

Improved Stabling and careful Hostlers. Low special rates to Jurymen and Witnesses. Cleanliness, comfort unexcelled

NO DISCRIMINATION.

against the Producers, than whom none are more worthy, or more entitled to attention. The Bush House having over three times the capacity of other hotels, there is no occasion or disposition to place the guests in attic rooms. This accounts for its growing Local Trade. We do not trust your horses to the care and profit of parties disconnected with the hotel.

J. H. MYERS, Proprietor.

54-6 tf.

MARTIN FREE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Window Shades,

OFFICE AND STORE

956 North Second Street,

FACTORY,

943 St. John Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

First Class Work and Low Prices.

Country Trade Respectfully Solicited.

WILBER'S DIRECT DRAFT

EUREKA MOWER,



THE LIGHTEST DRAFT MOWER. THE CHEAPEST MOWER. THE LARGEST MOWER.

THE BEST MOWER IN THE WORLD.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Eureka is superior to any side-cut machine I ever used or ever saw in use. HARRIS LEWIS, President of New York Dairymen's Asso.

The curing of the grass cut with the Eureka Mower is more even and rapid than after the side-cut machines. GEORGE W. HOFFMAN, President Farmers' Club, Elmira, N. Y.

The Eureka Mower is the very best we ever saw, and there is no side-cut mower that can compare with it in any respect. V. E. PIOLLET, State Grange Lecturer, Wysox, P.

The manner in which it leaves the cut grass, loose and open to the sun and wind ready for drying, puts the Eureka far ahead of any machine I ever used. B. LAPORTE, Asylum, Pa.

Manufactured by EUREKA MOWER CO. Towanda, Bradford County, Pa. Correspondence solicited. Circulars mailed on application.

PATENTS

and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

NESBIT BROS.,

Successors to the "East Lewisburg Lumber & Manufacturing Company,"

Manufacturers of

Flooring, Siding, Moulding, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Verandas and all other kinds of Building Materials.

BEING provided with ample facilities, the latest and most improved machinery, and the best mechanical skill, we are prepared to execute all orders promptly, and in the very best manner.

We give special attention to the furnishing of Material for the better grades of

HOUSE BUILDING.

Also, to the manufacture of SCHOOL OFFICE and CHURCH FURNITURE, SUNDAY SCHOOL, and PRIVATE BOOK CASES.

FACTORY—EAST LEWISBURG. NESBIT BROS.

N. B.—We can send Materials to Coburn or Spring Mills at cheap freights. 25-1y

PENSIONS!

Procured for Soldiers disabled in the U. S service from any cause, also for Heirs of deceased soldiers. All pensions date back to day of discharge, and to date of the death of the soldier. Pensions increased. Address, with stamp,

STODDART & CO.,
3-4t 913 E. St. N. W. Washington, D. C.



VICTORIOUS!

HIGHEST & BEST AWARD

And Grand Medal of Honor.

Economy, Durability and Rapidity combined with perfect work,

Are Distinguishing Features of the celebrated

Giant Farm and Warehouse Fans,

MADE BY

A. P. DICKEY,

Racine, Wis.

Now having many late improvements, they are fully equal to every demand; cleaning all kinds of Grain, Peas, Beans, Castor Beans, Corn and Small Seed. They grade Wheat perfectly by once handling. Separate Oats from Wheat, Barley and Rye. They have very perfect arrangements for cleaning Timothy, Clover, Flax Seed, Orchard Grass, and all other Small Seeds. They Chaff perfectly, and combine every qualification required to do the best work in the shortest time.



Warehouse, as well as Farm Mills, are largely constructed, both kinds requiring nine sizes to accommodate the demand, and giving a capacity of from 50 to 500 bushels per hour, according to size of mill.

They are shipped, boxed for ocean transportation, and "set up" or "knocked down" for forwarding inland, as requested; and in all cases put free on board Cars or Steamer. Orders filled same day as received.

Mills shipped "knocked down" go for half the freight charged as when forwarded "set up." Olographs and Circulars supplied on application. Prices will be quoted *low* and on liberal terms. Correspondence solicited.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR"

THRESHING MACHINERY.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.



STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, both Portable and Traction, with Valuable Improvements, far beyond any other make or kind.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often three to five times that amount) can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

GRAIN Raisers will not submit to the enormous wastage of Grain and the inferior work done by all other machines, when once posted on the difference.

NOT Only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and like Grains, but the ONLY Successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "VIBRATOR" Thresher Outfits are Incomparable.



MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes Clean Work, with no Litterings or Scatterings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

FOR Particulars, Call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

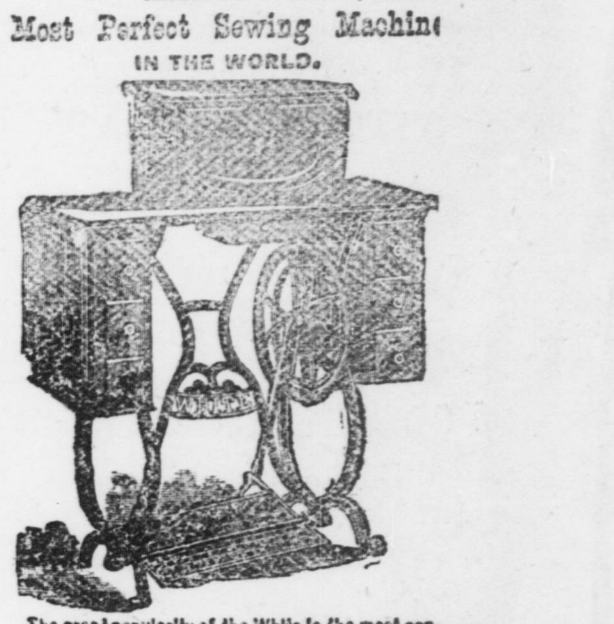
THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST OF ALL.

Unrivaled in Appearance,
Unparalleled in Simplicity,
Unsurpassed in Construction,
Unprecedented in Popularity,
And Undisputed in the Broad Claim

OF BEING THE

VERY BEST OPERATING QUICKEST SELLING, HANDSOMEST, AND Most Perfect Sewing Machine IN THE WORLD.



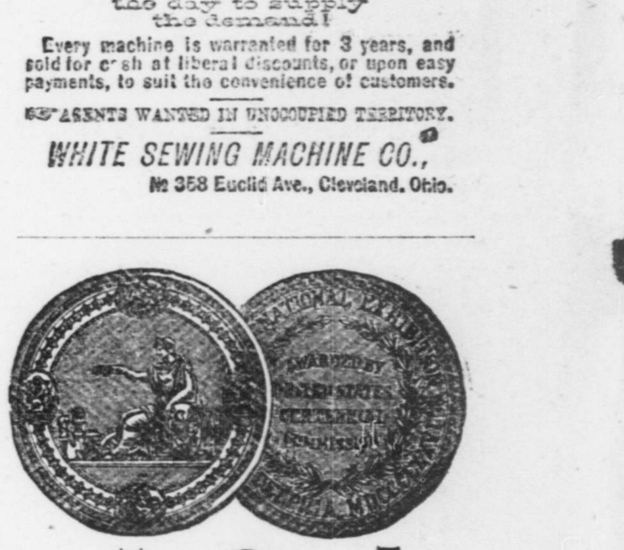
The great popularity of the White is the most convincing tribute to its excellence and superiority over other machines, and in submitting it to the trade we put it upon its merits, and in no instance has it ever yet failed to satisfy any recommendation in its favor.

The demand for the White has increased to such an extent that we are now compelled to turn out A Complete Sewing Machine every three minutes in the day to supply the demand!

Every machine is warranted for 3 years, and sold for cash at liberal discounts, or upon easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
No 358 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.



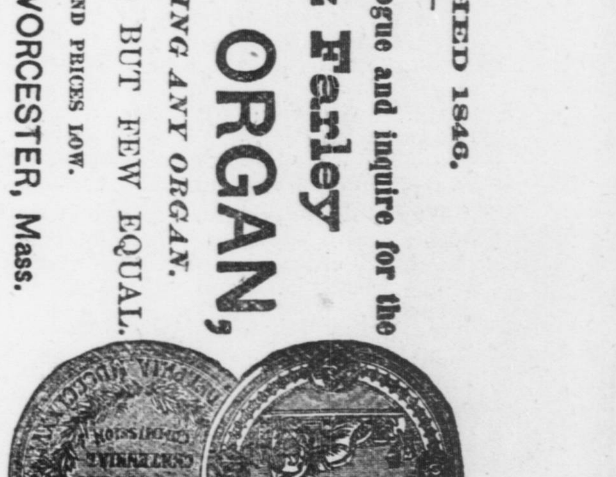
ESTABLISHED 1846.

Be sure and send for Catalogue and inquire for the Taylor & Farley CABINET ORGAN, BEFORE PURCHASING ANY ORGAN.

NONE SUPERIOR AND BUT FEW EQUAL.

NOTHING SHODDY, AND PRICES LOW.

MANUFACTORY AT WORCESTER, Mass.



HIGHEST HONORS

AT THE

Centennial World's Fair, 1876!

THE

SHONINGER ORGANS

PRONOUNCED UNANIMOUSLY AS THE

BEST INSTRUMENTS.

Their comparative excellence is recognized by the Judges in their Report, from which the following is an extract:

"The B. SHONINGER ORGAN CO.'S exhibit as the best Instruments at a price rendering them possible to a large class of purchasers, having a combination of Reeds and Bells, producing novel and pleasing effects, containing many desirable improvements, will stand longer in dry or damp climate, less liable to get out of order, all the boards being made three-ply, put together so it is impossible for them to either shrink, swell or split." THE ONLY ORGANS AWARDED THIS RANK.

This Medal and Award was granted after the most severe competition of the best makers, before one of the most competent juries ever assembled.

New Styles and prices just issued, which are in accordance with our rule, the BEST ORGAN for the least money.

We are prepared to appoint a few new Agents.

Illustrated Catalogues mailed, post-paid, on application to

B. SHONINGER ORGAN CO.,
97 to 123 CHESTNUT STREET,
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

The Millheim Journal.

THURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1880

B. O. DEININGER, - - - EDITOR.

R. A. BUMILLER, - - ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Local Department.

—Job work of all kinds done at the JOURNAL Office at prices as cheap as the cheapest.

—A splendid private residence with the good will of a medical practice for sale. For particulars apply at this office. tf.

—The financial statement of the county, commonly called the Auditors' report which we puolish to-day, crowds out other reading matter, of course. It will be published four successive times.

—A splendid line of Family and Pocket Bibles just received at the Journal Book Store, very cheap. Call and see.

—Wm. H. Reifsnyder offers his services to the public as auctioneer. He only asks to be given a fair chance in his new business and guarantees to give satisfaction. tf.

—Rev. J. G. Shoemaker, late pastor of Aaronsburg (Reformed) charge, will preach at Aaronsburg, next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and at St. Pauls church in the afternoon.

CALVES.—The subscriber gives notice that he is all the time prepared to pay the highest cash price for calves. He will come and fetch them at any place in Penn or Haines township, if notified.

J. Willis Musser,
Woodward, Pa.

—The election for officers of the Millheim B. & L. Association on Monday evening resulted as follows: *President*—B. O. Deininger; *Vice President*—S. K. Faust; *Secretary*—A. Walter; *Treasurer*—J. H. Reifsnyder; *Directors*—S. D. Musser, H. W. Kreamer. Money sold at from 25 to 30 per cent. premium for permanent loan.

—Just received at the *Journal Book Store*, a fresh lot of Germantown Wool and Zephyr, still sold at the old price. Lot of five cent slates. Day-Books, Ledgers, Butcher Books, Blotters, Pass Books, Time Books and Bibles. The five cent counter is again filled to repletion, and will be kept up throughout the year. Don't forget to call.

—Please read the new advertisement of the Bush House, under the management of the present proprietor, J. H. Myers, Esq. There is no better regulated or more orderly hotel to be found anywhere than the Bush has been for some years past, and the present proprietor is not a whit behind any of his predecessors in what constitutes the make up of a first class landlord. Those having business at our courts should not forget that Mr. Myers gives special rates to jurors and witnesses.

BOROUGH NOMINATIONS'—If the precedent established last year be followed out, the voters of the several divisions of the borough will meet on Friday evening at the same places where they met a year ago, and elect delegates, which will meet in convention on Saturday afternoon or evening and nominate a borough ticket. Let our citizens take an active part in this matter so that good and suitable men may be nominated and elected.

SALES.—E. R. Wolf, Penn township, Wed., Feb. 18th. Farm stock, implements and household goods.

Dr. P. T. Musser, Executor of Mrs. Harriet Breon, decd. Personal effects of decedent, at residence of Benjamin Stover, Haines township, Friday, Feb. 13th.

P. B. Stover's sale of personal property will come off at the old Neidigh farm in Haines Twp., Wednesday, Feb. 25th. Some fine horses, wagons and implements and a large lot of household goods will be sold. See bills.

Wm. H. Neese and S. J. Hering, Administrators, Gregg township, Thursday, Feb. 26th. Farm stock and Implements, and Household goods.

Brinton Sharp, Spring Mills, Saturday, Feb. 14th. Personal property. See Bills.

For the Journal

From Woodward.

MR. EDITOR:—Yesterday we had an accident here which might have resulted very seriously, but fortunately, the worst part of it was a complete ducking for our friend, Mr. J. W. Runkle, in the cold and chilling waters of Pine Creek.

Michael Fiedler's teams were hauling ice from the dam at this place. The team in charge of young Ettlinger, son of Solomon Ettlinger, was standing on the ice and was loaded, when the ice gave way and the team and horses sank in the water, over six feet deep. Young Ettlinger jumped from the wagon as it went down, but failed to reach the ice, and so hung on the edge for a while, but was easily rescued from his unpleasant position. Mr. Runkle was not on the wagon but close by, when it went down. He caught one of the horses by the bridle and tried to keep his head above water, but failing, was drawn into the water himself. He had to paddle a good while until he got out and his situation was a little precarious for a time, but he reached shore and and made for home as fast as he could. A road-way had to be broken through the ice to the shore, to get the horses out. The wagon is in the dam yet. YARD STICK.

—*Just as we go to press several of our citizens request us to give notice that a meeting, of the voters of Millheim Boro' will be held in the school house, this evening to make arrangements to nominate a Boro' ticket.*

—A full line of law blanks, such as Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Leases, Summonses, Executions, Subpoenas, constantly on hand at the JOURNAL BOOK STORE.

—We received a lengthy and very interesting letter from Horace G. Stover, Esq., of Versailles, Mo., on the extent and resources of that young giant state, and the advantages it affords to those that contemplate taking Horace Greely's advice. We doubt not that our friend Horace gives a true and full account of Missouri, or that part of it with which he is best acquainted. His character vouches for that. We will publish the letter next week, and hope it may prove as interesting to the readers of the Journal as it did to us.

—The opening of the Philadelphia Branch Clothing House, at the place recently occupied by our friend J. Newman, Jr., at Bellefonte, on the 20th of the present month, will be one of the grandest affairs of the kind ever held in Centre county. The proprietors, successors to Mr. Newman, expect to do business on a large scale, at low prices, and hope to merit the confidence of our people by strict business integrity and uniform courtesy. Give them a call. 2t

—This week we publish a lengthy article that concerns every tax payer of the county. We mean the annual financial statement of the county. Read it, for by it you can see where the money comes from and where it goes to. Especially interesting if not profitable is it to read over the list of tax collectors, some of whom are delinquent since 1871. Just how this matter is we do not know, but presume our commissioners are doing their best to make these chaps "pony up."

—A District Sunday School Convention will be held in the Lutheran church, Aaronsburg, commencing on Monday morning next. This convention is specially intended for the benefit of the Sunday schools of Haines, Penn, Miles and Gregg townships. Mr. Austin Curtin, President of the county society and Rev. Crittenden, are expected to be present. Three sessions will be held, viz. on Monday morning, afternoon and evening.

Ample provisions have been made to entertain delegates and others who will participate in the proceedings of the convention. A full attendance is kindly requested.

Local Committee.

AARONSBURG CRUMBS.

Many sick people in and about town.

There is some talk of closing the primary school for a time until the measles shall have run their course. At one time there were thirty-four pupils of that school afflicted with them.

Mr. Wm. Zeiglers, formerly of Madisonburg, now of Virginia, are visiting friends here.

Mr. Clarence Ettinger has returned from Poughkeepsie, having finished a course at commercial college there. He looks well and happy.

Mr. Frank Weaver is again suffering a good deal from the injury to his knee, received some time in the fall. He has been obliged to resort to the use of crutches.

Miss Emma Deshler again left for Bethlehem, last week, where she attends school.

Mrs. Emma Hosterman had a serious fall. She fell from the top of a chair to its foot, and was badly bruised, and it is feared internally injured. She is unable to help herself at all.

A District S. S. Convention is to be held in the Lutheran Church on Monday next. It is to be composed of delegates from Haines, Penn, Miles and Gregg townships. A good time is expected.

Miss Emma Jordan spent a day in Millheim visiting. Hope she may have enjoyed herself. X. Y.

[Any more "Emmas?" And if so what are they doing. Hope they are well. Ed.]

ECHOES FROM COBURN.

People are busy storing away the cold snap in the form of ice. More than a hundred loads are taken daily from Kersteter's dam.

Last week they had an accident on the mountain. Two of Mr. Cassler's employes while attempting to compel a balky horse to pull, broke the animals jaw-bone, making it necessary to kill the suffering brute. This was quite a loss to the owner, but a gain to science, since it goes to prove the superiority of the horse to the donkey. The jaw-bone of an ass may hold good to kill a thousand men, but it takes two asses to break the jaw-bone of a horse.

There are, at present, no prospects that Coburn will be enlarged next summer. There are a large number of lots for sale, put at such prices as would better suit a millionaire than one who has his million to make. Land owners should know that business men are not anxious to invest their capital in a few square rods of land without a good assurance that the future has a fortune in store for them. If Coburn is to be built up, land must come down to a reasonable figure.

XENAGORAS.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says that "more than one rough customer has never know how good he was until he killed somebody and heard the lawyer in charge sum up his virtues."

Fifth Annual Report of the Millheim B. & L. Association, for the Year ending January 12., 1880.

President—B. O. DEININGER. Vice President—D. L. ZERBY.
Secretary A. WALTER. Treasurer—J. H. REIFSNYDER
Directors—J. W. SNOOK, H. E. DUCK, J. B. LEITZELL, S. D. MUSSER, F. KNARR, J. O. DEININGER.

RECEIPTS.		DISBURSEMENTS.	
Capital last year,	$21,107.14	Capital withdrawn,	$767.39
Monthly Dues,	4,341.00	Secretary's Salary,	150.00
Interest,	1,301.53	Treas. & Solicitor's Salary,	50.00
Fines,	373.62	Auctioneer's Salary,	6.00
Prem. Permanent,	1,233.41	Insurance,	4.00
		C. H. Hassenplug,	14.95
		Janitor,	3.00
		Printing, &c.,	10.24
		Present Capital	27,351.12
Total	28,356.70	Total	28,356.70

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans,	$27,000.00	Cash Capital,	$27,351.12
Permanent Expense	138.89	Unpaid Capital,	1,074.05
Due by Treasurer,	9 70		
Real Estate,	202.53		
Due by members,	1,074.05		
Total	28,425.17	Total	28,425.17

Date, Jan. 12., 1880—Series 1	No. of Shares, 161	Par Value $50	Gain $42.94	Full Value $102.94	
" 2	" 77	" 48	" 31.52	" 80.48	
" 3	" 53	" 26	" 21.52	" 57.52	
" 4	" 30	" 24	" 11.05	" 35.03	
" 5	" 30	" 12	" 4.02	" 16.02	

NEWS FROM BRUSH.

Candidates are looming up.

Plenty of snow but very poor sleighing. Confound that ground hog.

Our ice houses are now being replenished, with that precious, and yet at times, useless article—ice.

Dr. Kirk has left us, and will open up shop with his brother in Bellefonte. The Dr. has left many good friends, but we trust he may be properly patronized in his new field of labor.

Our friend Mr. J. F. Wate, ultimately turns up as an auctioneer. Go in John we trust you will find money in it.

Our Singing Society is becoming quite large, although organized less than one week ago, nearly sixty have subscribed. It meets twice a week.

Father Bossler, although enfeebled by age, preached a very satisfactory sermon last Sunday in the Reformed church. His theme was, *the three christian graces.* He is Rev. Landis' father-in-law. QUIZ.

News Miscellaney.

On last Sunday morning Rev. Mr. Whitmer, of the Reformed church, this place, informed his congregation that if any member thereof would sign an application for tavern license he would be excluded from the the communion table, and also deprived from voting or holding office in the church. A brave, righteous order from a well-meaning and consistent minister. Now, why should not the same command be given from every other pulpit in Mifflinburg. If this were done, no license could well be granted by our court. Let there be another move along the entire line against the license system—a system that creates drunkards, impoverishes, and causes untold misery.—*Mifflinburg Telegraph.*

An old lady in Wichita says she never could imagine where all the Smiths came from until she saw in a New England town a large sign, "Smith Manufacturing Company."

Grant Kemerling while chopping wood near Middle Valley, Pa., accidentally struck his daughter with the axe, killing her instantly. Kemerling was taken home insane.

G. W. Sachs, a juryman in the case of Henry Smith, on trial in a Memphis court, on Saturday, Jan. 17., for the murder of Cany Long, burst into tears when he gave the answer "guilty" as his name was called. Soon after he fell in a fit, so terrible did it seem to him to consign a fellow creature to the gallows.

A most remarkable accident occurred at the Vulcan Iron Works, Wilkesbarre, on Friday. A couple of workmen were striking a bar of hot steel with sledges, when a scale was thrown off, about as large in diameter as a three cent piece, but not thicker than letter paper. This scale struck the arm of one of the workmen just below the elbow, passed through the arm and came out above the elbow on the opposite side. It made a frightful wound. An artery was severed and the blood spurted in jets until pressure was applied to the artery above the place. A physician soon arrived and dressed the wound.

HEAVY JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—Cincinnati, Feb. 2. Notice was given to-day that next Thursday an order will issue from the United States circuit court to enforce its decree rendered some months ago to compel payment of nearly $3,000,000 unpaid rent by the Pennsylvania Central to the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central railroad. Col. Tom Scott is expected to come on and satisfy the judgment in person.

A REAL LION KILLED IN TENNESSEE.—An animal of a ferocious type, ten feet from tip to tip, and weighing nearly three hundred pounds, was shot seven miles south of here yesterday, while prowling cat-like near a squad of children. At first it was pronounced a wild panther, of huge size, but to-day it turns out that an American lion, or Cougar, escaped from Cole's menagerie six weeks ago, some forty miles northeast of Memphis, and it is now evident that the brute is from that caravan, and that he had an appetite whetted for a tender young darkey when killed.—*Memphis Avalanche.*

The oldest females of Lewisburg are Mrs. Hummel (mother of Judge Hummel) aged 91 years and 6 months; Mrs. Nicely, aged 93 and Miss Ruth Thompson, aged 93.

The new prohibitory liquor law proposed by the State Temperance Union contemplates and amendment to the constitution authorizing women to vote.

When Miss Butler, an eighteen-year-old daughter of John Butler, of Pittsburg, retired to herroom on Saturday night, she was horrified to see a man with a blackened face under her bed. Before she had time to scream for assistance, four men, all disguised, leaped from various places of hiding, bound and gagged Miss Butler and tied her to the bed. The burglers then broke open her trunk and took therefrom $600, afterwards making their escape.

Bishop Jesse Peck will preside over the Central Pennsylvania M. E. conference, meeting at Altoona on the 10th of March ensuing, in place of Bishop Haven, deceased. Bishop Peck was formerly president of Dickinson College.

MARRIED.

On the 28th ult., Mr. F. P. Duck with Miss Anna M. Wise, both of Penn Hall.

On the 20th ult., by Rev. W. H. Stover, Mr. J. B. Royer with Miss Mary Long, both of Centre Mills.

DIED.

On the 28th ult., in Haines township, Rebecca Regina, daughter of John Zeigler, aged 5 years and 22 days.

On the 5th inst., in Nittany Valley Mrs. Margaret Smith, wife of Dr. Charles Smith, formerly of Penn Hall.

On the 9th inst., at Centre Hall, Jacob Dinges, aged 44 years, 5 months and 28 days.

Mr. Dinges was for some time afflicted with cancer at the arm. In the fall he went Philadelphia and had the arm amputated by skillful doctors, but the hoped for relief and cure did not come. Soon after it became evident that the dread disease was preying on upon his vitals, and it was with reluctance that his family and friends gave up the hope of his recovery. He suffered much pain at times, but endured it all with christian patience. In his early death the community loses a most worthy citizen, the church of his choice one of her most faithful and consistent members, and his family a kind husband and beloved father.

"——he sleeps well."

R. D. A.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	1.20
Wheat No. 2	1.15
Corn	45
Rye	55
Oats White	35
Oats, Black	
Buckwheat	50
Flour	7.00
Bran & Shorts, per un	18.00
Salt, per Brl	200
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Timothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	5.00
Butter	20
Hams	12
Sides	6
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	16
Potatoes	25
Lard	6
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	8
COAL MARKET.	
Egg Coal	$5.60
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	525
Pea "	3.80

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. D H. MINGLE,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Main Street, Millheim, Pa

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Grain, Cloverseed, Flour & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt

MILLHEIM, PA

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

J. H. BAULAND'S

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS,

—AT—

THE BEE HIVE ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

I am offering the *LARGEST, BEST* and *CHEAPEST* stock of Dry Goods in Centre county.

EVERY ONE SAYS THAT IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS. GO THEN AND BE CONVINCED.

—*ALL GOODS AT ALL TIMES SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.*—

Having received an immense Stock of Goods before the advance, I am able to sell Cheaper than any other Store in Town.

☞ALL MY GOODS ARE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

HOPING TO RECEIVE AN EARLY CALL, I remain, respectfully, yours,
J. H. BAULAND.

My motto is, "*ONE PRICE—THE VERY LOWEST, AND NO MISREPRESENTATION.*"

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR

Philadelphia Branch of No. 26 North 3rd Street, Philadelphia.

ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. NEWMAN, JR.)

Who will open on or about FEBRUARY 20., FEBRUARY 20., At Newman's Old Stand,
Who will open on or about At Newman's Old Stand,
Who will open on or about At Newman's Old Stand,

WITH SUCH A STOCK OF CLOTHING AS HAS NEVER BEFORE BEEN SEEN IN THIS COUNTY,

54-6 AND WHICH THEY WILL RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

A. HARTER,
AUCTIONEER,
Rebersburg, Pa.
☞SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.☜

DAV. I. BROWN,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
TINWARE, STOVEPIPE AND TRIMMING, SPOUTING & FRUIT CANS.

Would respectfully inform the public that he keeps on hand or makes to order all kinds of TINWARE, STOVE-FIXTURES, FRUIT CANS, etc.

☞SPOUTING A SPECIALITY.☜

Fruit cans always on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Having some ten years experience in the business he flatters himself that his work is fully equal to any in this section of the country. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. **Shop next door to Journal Book store, Millheim, Pa.**

MILLHEIM MARBLE WORKS.

Deininger & Musser
PROPRIETORS.

The old and popular establishment is prepared to do all work in their line in a style equal to any in Central Pennsylvania, at prices that defy competition.

COUCHES, MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES,

of all sizes, styles and prices made on short notice.

The proprietors hope by Strict Attention TO FAIR DEALING & GOOD WORK to merit the continued confidence of their friends and patrons, and of the public at large.

Shops east of Bridge, Millheim, Pa.

ELIAS LOSE,
CARPENTER and Builder.

Doors, Shutters, Sash, Window Frames, and Mouldings, made to order on short notice and in the best possible manner.

Yellow Pine Flooring constantly kept on hand. With thanks for past favors he solicits a continuence of the same.

MILLHEIM, PA.

J. W. STURGIS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
ONE DOOR EAST OF THE BANNER STORE, MARKET STREET,
LEWISBURG, PA.

First Class Goods, Good, Honest Work and Moderate Prices—is the Combination to be found at Mr. Sturgis'. Patronage from Centre Co. respectfully solicited. None but the best workmen employed.

TO THE READERS of the JOURNAL.

I would like to call your attention to my very large stock of BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS which I am selling CHEAPER than any other house in Clinton or Centre counties. The

ELMIRA KIP BOOT

double Soles and Tap. only

$2.50.

This is the best bargain I ever offered. They are selling everywhere for $3.00

Do n forget the place

No. 115, Main Street,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Very Respectfully Yours,
Jacob Kamp.

FOX'S PATENT
Breech-Loading Shot Gun



Barrels slide one side. No hinge to get loose.

A Gun to stand the wear and tear, and not get shaky or out of order. Prices, from $30.00 upwards. Send stamp for Circular to

AMERICAN ARMS CO.
103 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 9th, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

	WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.	
"	" Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.	
"	" Williamsport	8 35 a. m.	
"	" Jersey Shore.	9 07 a. m.	
"	" Lock Haven.	9 46 a. m.	
"	" Renovo	11 00 a. m	
"	arr. at Erie	7 55 p. m.	
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a. m.	
"	" Harrisburg	11 25 a. m.	
"	arr. at Williamsport	2 25 p. m.	
"	" Lock Haven.	3 50 p. m.	
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a. m.	
"	" Harrisburg	3 35 p. m.	
"	arr. at Williamsport	7 35 p. m.	
"	" Lock Haven	8 40 p. m.	
	EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..	7 00 a. m.	
"	" Jersey Shore..	7 33 a. m.	
"	" Williamsport .	8 15 a. m.	
"	arr. at Harrisburg	12 05 a. m.	
"	" Philadelphia.	3 40 p. m.	
DAY-EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..	11 20 a. m.	
"	" Williamsport	12 40 p. m.	
"	arr. at Harrisburg ..	4 10 p. m.	
"	" Philadelphia	7 20 p. m.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40 p. m.	
"	" Lock Haven	9 50 p. m.	
"	" Williamsport	11 10 p. m.	
"	arr. at Harrisburg	2 45 a. m.	
"	" Philadelphia	7 00 a. m.	
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 25 a. m.	
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 50 a. m.	
"	" Philadelphia	7 40 a. m.	

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with L. S. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.	1.	3.	5.
LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon	7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 20	2 30	
Biehl	7 30	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laurelton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 50		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

EASTWARD.	2.	4.	6
LEAVE	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Spring Mills		10 20	
Coburn		10 45	
Laurelton		11 55	4 35
Millmont		12 06	4 20
Mifflinburg Arrive		12 30	4 50
Mifflinburg Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg		12 45	5 05
Biehl		12 52	5 12
Fair Ground		1 02	5 22
Lewisburg Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg Leave	6 35	1 20	5 40
Arr. at Montandon	6 50	1 30	6 00

Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Road.

Nos 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.

Nos. 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.

An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.

Relics of Benedict Arnold.

Reminiscences of Benedict Arnold have been going the rounds since the recent death of Mrs. Ann Hinman Kellogg, of Fairfield, whose mother, it is said, aimed a musket at Arnold at the time of the burning of New London, in 1781, and would have killed him, except that the piece missed fire. The proposition to build a monument to Major Andre at Tarrytown has also led to the recalling of incidents in Arnold's career. There is one reminiscence of that character which has not been mentioned. Several years ago a gentleman of Brooklyn, who has long been noted for his love of rare books, manuscripts, pamphlets and engravings, came into the possession of a document signed by Arnold and a friend, which he has carefully treasured until the present day. The paper is a written pledge that the man who should be mamed first should receive from the other the gift of a silver tea-pot, of the value of £15. The paper was dated before the Revolutionary war, and was signed by a gentleman by the name of Adams, as a witness. The paper is now worn and stained with time, but the writing is as black and legible as the day it was written. Not long ago a man came into the office of the owner of this precious document, and said, "I understand you are a gatherer of old things. Here is something I want to show you. S. M. L. Barlow wants it and has offered to pay so much for it, but you can have it if you will give "a certain other sum," naming it. "Well," was the reply, "let's see it." The man began unfolding carefully an ancient, time-stained document, upon which, as he was opening it, there appeared the striking signature of Benedict Arnold. The signature was recognized the moment it was seen, although it was upside down, and the bargain was closed without a moment's delay. The paper turned out to be a bet between Arnold and Adams. The witness of the document referred to above, in reference to which of the two men would probably be married first, and it contained a pledge that the one who was first married should receive a gift of silver plate worth £15 from the other. The paper was witnessed by the man who made the first bet with Arnold. The two documents bore the same date, and had evidently been written at the same time. They had been separated for over a hundred years, and had finally come together again in the ownership of the same gentleman. The discovery of this second document is considered one of the best "finds" of the day among antiquarians of the city and the fortunate owner of the two papers is greatly envied.

"Purty Cold Day."

Some time ago a poorly-dressed and seedy-looking person about fifty years old entered the post-office, at Detroit, and proceeded to warm his hands at one of the registers. He made no inquiries about mail, and after he had been loafing around for two hours a policeman got his eye on him and asked:

"Say, old man, have you any business here?"

"Well, no," was the reply.

"Any work to do?"

"No. I kinder thought I'd lay off this winter."

"Any friends here?"

"No."

"I think you are a vagrant," continued the officer, as he took another look at him.

"Mebbe I am," sighed the old man.

"And I think I'll take you down."

"Well, I'll go along."

The officer escorted him to the station house, registered his name, and then proceeded to search his pockets. Each one panned out a "wad" of money, making a total of $1,600.

"Why didn't you tell us you had this money?" demanded the policeman.

"Why didn't you ask me?"

"Didn't I say I took you for a vagrant, and you didn't deny it either."

"Well, I didn't know anything about your city laws," quietly replied the old man. I've got two married daughters, and I came in to buy each of 'em a $600 piano for New Year's, but is it's ag'in any of your laws I'll take the next train for home. I'm gitting purty old, and I don't want no fuss with anybody."

"Well, you might have saved yourself all this trouble," said the officer, as he escorted him to the street.

"Don't mention it," was the answer. "If I took any trouble on your account it's all right, and you needn't thank me. I'm always willing to oblige anybody who can appreciate it. Purty cold day, isn't it?"

The Effects of Tea.

First, as to the immediate effects of moderate doses, there are in the cases observed an elevation of pulse, increase of respiration, agreeable exhilaration of mind and body, a feeling of contentment and placidity, an increase of intellectual and physical vigor with no noticeable reaction. The immediate effects of an excessive dose are rapid elevation of pulse, marked increase of respiration to the extent of about one-third, increase of temperature, no period of exhilaration, but immediate and severe headache, dimness of vision, ringing in the ears, dullness, and confusion of ideas. Following that is a severe reaction: exhaustion of mind and body, tremulousness and nervousness, and dread of impending harm, that could not be relieved by taking more tea. The effects of continued doses are a continuance of the tremulousness, extreme susceptibility to outside impressions, constipation, diminution of urine, ane marked influence on the metamorphosis tissue, as shown by the diminution in the amount of urea, which, in the week during which the writer was taking toxic doses of tea, fell from 591 grains to 422 grains per day. The sulphates, phosphates, and chlorides were increased. From the study of the drugs' action, the following conclusions are arrived at:—That, as with any other potent drug, there is a proper and improper use of it. That in moderation it is a mild and pleasant stimulant, followed by no harmful reaction. Its continued and immoderate use leads to a very serious group of symptoms, such as headache, vertigo, ringing in the ears, tremulousness, nervousness, exhaustion of mind and body, with disinclination to mental and physical exertion, increased and irregular action of the heart, and dyspepsia. The mental symptoms are not to be attributed to dyspepsia. It diminishes the amount of urine, and retards the metamorphosis of tissue. Many of the symptoms of immoderate tea-drinking are such as might occur without a suspicion of the real cause.

A Medicine Should not be Guaged

By the suddenness and violence of its effects. Self-evident as this proposition would seem, there are many foolish persons who are content only with a remedy which acts abruptly. The pill and other nostrum-vendors who trade upon the credulity of this class, find their "best holt," as poor Artemus Ward termed it, in the sale of violent purgatives. So long as they wrench the bowels of their dupes sufficiently, they are pretty sure of a certain measure of success. If instead of such pernicious rubbish, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used, the results are widely different. The bowels are relieved, but always gently, by this pleasant laxative, which does not weaken but invigorates them, and endows the co-operative organs of digestion and bilious secretion with activity and regularity, strengthens the constitution and physique, and while it is safe in its constituents, is sufficiently prompt in operation.

AGRICULTURE.

Dairy Test.—The idea that every thoroughbred animal belonging to a butter breed is necessarily high up in this qualification, is now happily exploded. It is quite true that a Jersey is more likely to yield rich milk than a scrub, and purity of blood should be insisted upon; but this must be coupled with actual performance at the pail. If the rules of the Jersey Herd Book, from the beginning, had required proof of the yield of 200 pounds of butter in a year, from a heifer two and a half years old, and of 300 pounds from a cow four years old, before record, one might at present safely purchase a Jersey cow, so descended, with the assurance of her quality. There is no more reason why simple descent should be satisfactory in a cow than in a trotting horse; and the time has now arrived when a cow of inferior breeding, with a large yield at the pail and in the churn, will be preferred to any high breeding without a record of performance, as a horse that trots in 2.20 without a pedigree outsells a horse of any breeding without a record of performance in times past and present. Breeders of thoroughbred cattle may take note of this, and make the change as promptly as possible, for the day of the pedigree craze is fast passing away.

Rats and Harness.—It is stated on good authority that a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper mixed in a quart of oil and rubbing the harness with the oil, will effectually protect it against the gnawing of rats. It is also said that an ounce of aloes to one gallon of oil will afford the same protection. Our remedy heretofore has been, and we have never known it to fail, to hang the harness up so that no rats cannot molest it. But as some people are careless in this respect, the red pepper and the aloes and oil remedy had better be adopted. A friend at our elbow says carbolic acid is a sure remedy.

Stories first heard at a mother's knee are never wholly forgotten.—Mothers should never forget that the sufferings of their little ones can easily be overcome by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

Planting Black Walnuts. — The best time for planting black walnuts is immediately after the nuts have fallen. Collect the nuts and mash the hulls, (outer fleshy covering), and sow at once in shallow furrows. They readily germinate, provided the embryo does not become too dry. Do not allow the seedlings to remain more than two years (one would be better) before transplanting to a permanent place.

Celery in trenches for the winter must not be allowed to freeze hard, though a moderate freezing does not injure it. The covering material, hay, or leaves, should be at hand to put on when needed. A slight covering will answer until cold weather fairly sets in, but the winter covering should be about a foot thick.

The price of soap is rapidly advancing. A year's supply of Dobbins' Electric bought now at old price will be a very judicious purchase.

A pair of cards and a brush should be in every cow stable, and cleanliness should be carefully observed. A thorough carding and brushing will not only increase the quantity of the milk, but will add to its purity. Young calves should be freed from vermin by applying a mixture of linseed oil and kerosene to the parts infested.

Turnips are healthful for horses. They should be cut in slices, or, what is better, pulped finely and mixed with a little meal and some salt. Rutabagas are better than white turnips.

Thrown into a Snow-Bank.

Not long ago Mr. Smith, attached to the Caribou Mine, near Denver, started from Nederland for the mine in a stout cutter, drawn by a strong and spirited team of horses. Mr. Smith had for a companion one of his most efficient assistants, an Englishman of the name of Richard Crow. The morning was boisterous, a heavy snow-storm having set in, accompanied by a fierce wind, but the two parties were well acquainted with the road, and as the distance was only four miles, they anticipated no serious trouble. As they approached Caribou, however, the storm increased in violence to such an extent that they were not only almost benumbed and blinded, but the horses themselves evinced strong symptoms of giving out. The travelers finally reached a point some half-mile distant from Caribou, about ten o'clock in the morning. Here, however, the elements seemed to have thrown off all restraint, and the storm was blinding in its fury. Mr. Crow was driving, and while trying to make the team turn in a certain angle the horses sprang off the road, and in another instant the sleigh and its occupants, horses and all, were dashed into a snow bank some fifteen or twenty feet below. Mr. Smith is an old Coloradoan and has had an extended experience in the mountains. He knew that if anything was to be done, it must be done quickly. At such an altitude and in such a storm, with the thermometer many degrees below zero, no life could be long sustained. By desperate exertions the sleigh and horses were finally forced back upon the road. Here the team was held while Mr. Smith made three separate trips for the lost baggage and wraps which were also essential to a further existence. On reaching the sleigh, after his third trip, Mr. Smith was so nearly exhausted that he fell in upon the bottom and was scarcely able to move. After other desperate efforts, and when almost ready to yield to despair, the main street of Caribou was reached and assistance secured. It was nearly a full hour before Mr. Crow was sufficiently revived to be able to speak, and Mr. Smith also suffered greatly from the results of the exertions he was compelled to make. But neither party has experienced any permanent injury, and both feel that they have special cause for thanksgiving over their narrow and hazardous escape from a terrible death.

The Receipt for Gilt-Edge Butter Maker was obtained from one of the most extensive dairy farmers of Ireland, noted for the excellent and superior keeping qualities of his butter, which was eagerly purchased by London dealers for export to India, where the warm climate puts butter to a very severe test. It has been thoroughly tried by a large number of the very best butter-makers in this country, and they have given it their emphatic approval. Price 25 cents per package. Sold by all store-keepers.

Collins, N. Y. Feb. 19th, 1879.

Gentlemen.—We churned one gallon of cream to-day at a temperature of 56 deg., using your Gilt-Edge Butter Maker. Time of churning, 15 minutes —result, 4 1-8 pounds of butter. Color, good. As we have not previously weighed our butter, of course we cannot tell whether there is a better per cent. or not, but appearances indicate it, and the quality is at least two cents per pound better. Yours, &c.,

M. E. Wilbur,
Prop'r of Collins Creamery.

DOMESTIC.

Washing Clothes.—For a family of six, cut into thin shavings one and one-half pounds of good bar soap, and dissolve it in a pail of boiling water. Rather more than half fill two tubs with warm water, and add a pail of hot suds—half each. Put the clothes in for twenty-four hours' soak—those most soiled in one tub by themselves. The following morning nothing will be necessary but to put them through the wringer, through two waters, the blueing in the last. A neat housekeeper will observe if any specially soiled spots—wristbands, cuffs and the like—need a little chafing with the fingers before going through the wringer. Clothing washed in this way will come out to the satisfaction of the most fastidious, and all the time usually spent scrubbing and boiling and filling the house with steam saved, besides—a prime consideration—articles will wear more than twice as long, as it is evident that five minutes' scrubbing will wrench out the garments vastly more than ordinary wear. Flannels may be cleaned in the same manner—white flannels turning out white and soft—except that it is believed that the suds and the rinse water had better be cold for flannels, wherever the process of washing, to prevent shrinking. A little gentle pulling, both ways, when first hung on the line, will prevent flannels shrinking. An acquaintance of ours, a very particular housekeeper, has done her own family washing in this manner for a year past, without either boiling or scrubbing or fretting, and she declares that washing has lost its old-time terrors. And her husband says that, instead of a "picked-up dinner," she gets the best dinner of the week on Monday.

For Allaying Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat it is daily proved that "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a mild remedy yet very efficacious.

Tidies and Table Cloths.—Who conceived the idea of dividing a square of strainer cloth in two parts, inclosing the upper with bands of garnet velvet stitched with orange, working a flower pattern upon it, and laying a bend sinister of orange, silk across the lower half and putting a bright little Japanese fan in the sinister base? It looks as if it might be a Japanese banner, but it is only a tidy, or rather, a chair-back, to speak, as one of the esthetically-minded. Here is another in which a Chinese mandarin, cut from one of the French patterns, is fastened upon a background of blue flannel with an orange border embroidered with Chinese characters that may hide a whole poem from profane occidental eyes. In tablecloths, the simplest are those bordered with three bands of flannel of different colors stiched on with silk of many hues, and the most beautiful are those of dark olive with deep borders of Kensington work. Lambrequins are ornamented with a great many of the small full tassels that look almost like inverted fans, and harmonize perfectly with the embroidered fans among which they are interspersed. A beautiful lambrequin in olive and turquoise blue has two rows of these tassels and three of wrought fans, artfully arranged in a Japanese pattern. Another, intended for a bracket, is of strainer cloth worked in peacock feathers and fringed with linen and worsted.

Truth and Honor.—Query:—What is the best family medicine in the world to regulate the bowels, purify the blood, remove costiveness and biliousness, aid digestion and tone up the whole system? Truth and honor compels us to answer, Hop Bitters, being pure, perfect and harmless. Ed. See another column.

For Cooks.—Mr. Delmonico, talking about entrees, says that Americans ought to copy the French method of utilizing small bits of raw meats and fowls and of re-cooking all kinds of cold joints and pieces of cooked meat which remain day by day from every dinner in almost every family. The success of such dishes depends mainly on the sauce, which is best made from broth. The following is his receipt for a favorite sauce: "Take an ounce of ham or bacon, cut it up in small pieces, and fry it in hot fat. Add an onion or carrot, cut up, thicken with flour, then add a pint or quart of broth, according to quantity desired; season with pepper and salt, or any spice or herb that is relished (better, though, without the spice), and let simmer for an hour, skim carefully and strain. A wine-glass of any wine may be added if liked." Cold roast or broiled beef or mutton may be cut into small squares, fried brown in butter, and then gently stewed in the sauce above described.

Sour Milk.—Sour milk is one of the best feeds for poultry, especially for young chickens, that can be given them, and we fear its value is not fully realized by those generally who keep poultry in the country, as we are satisfied much refuse milk goes to waste that might be given the hens as well as not. Young chicks thrive wonderfully upon a diet of sour milk, and it may be given them in place of water to great advantage.

Baron Barthelemy maintains that snails are capable of rendering valuable service in most chest complaints, bronchitis, asthma, etc., because, in his words, they contain "animalized sulpher, a little phosphate of lime, and especially carbonate, animalized, in solution and in a nascent state in their mucilage." His preparations of the article comprise what are termed snail syrup, snail bonbons, and helicine, as mucilage and powder. For these the edible snail is used, being collected in the vineyards in the south of France during the fall, and carefully preserved and fed during the winter. M. Barthelemy lays great stress on this feeding, and attributes the reason that these snails are not more gemerally used as an article of diet to the fact that their flavor is only properly developed where they obtain suitable food, as, for instance, in the vineyards of southern France and Italy.

$100,000 Reward

would be a safe offer for a more infallible cure for piles than Anakesis. 500,000 persons bear willing testimony to the beneficence and scientific triumph of the great discovery of Anakesis, Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy. Lotions, electuaries, ointments and quack nostrums have had their day; no longer shall the afflicted like Job cry out! "Wearisome nights are appointed to me, when I lie down I say when shall the night be gone, oh wherefore is light given to him who is in misery? Anakesis will instantly relieve the pain from piles, will support the painful tumors and ultimately cure the worst cases. Doctors of all schools now use it for there is no substitute for it, nothing so simple, nothing more safe, nothing so prompt and permanent. It is the discovery of a scientific physician after 40 years' experience, and has been used successfully almost without an exception by over half a million of sufferers. It combines in a mere suppository the methods of English, French and American Surgeons and is pronounced to be the nearest to an infallible remedy yet discovered. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent *free* to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co. Box 3946 New York, sole manufacturers of "Anakesis." Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

HUMOROUS.

A dental journal says the reason so many men fail as orators is because they have lost some of their teeth. Bosh? Look at a hen; hasn't and never had a tooth in her head; and did the dental editor never hear a hen mount the fence and deliver a two hours' Fourth of July oration over one egg no bigger than a lemon.

"Why, Dick," said a lady teacher the other day, "you are getting to be an awfully good boy lately; ever so much better than you were last year. How is it?" "Oh! pshaw! Miss Hetty," said the youngster, "I don't have so much tummick-ache now."

"My wife," remarked a prominent manufacturer, "never attends auctions. She went once, and seeing a friend at the opposite side of the room, nodded politely, whereupon the auctioneer knocked down a patent cradle, and asked her where she wished it delivered."

The O'Finigan: "Bedad, sorr, we were pestered wid those rascally spics of O'Brady: "Rimnints o' Tory barbarism, sorr; be more careful, sorr; stand at the door, and don't let a man in unless he comes himself."

"How like its father it is!" exclaimed the nurse, on the occasion of the christening of a baby whose father was over seventy, and had married a young wife. "Very like," replied a satirical lady, "it hasn't a tooth in its head!"

Baby Saved.—We are so thankful to say that our baby was cured of a dangerous and protracted irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.—The Parents, Rochester, N. Y. See another column.

When a woman promenades the streets leading a dog it looks as if she couldn't lead anything else on her string.

Husbands never meet their wives with smiles' on their lips; they wipe them off before they get home.

Did you ever notice the fact that a tramp who claims he has a trade but can get no work at it, in the winter is brickmaker and in the summer is a lumberman or ice sawyer?

A witty but heartless proof-reader on an Eastern paper recently added to the death notice of a somewhat celebrated colored man the line, "Death loves a shining mark."

Salt has various properties and effects as it regards the human system. It acts as a tonic and condiment, as an emetic, a purgative and as a disinfectant.

Physicians say that there is no remedy for Consumption, and possibly, in some cases the assertion may be correct. We know however of many cures made by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and will guarantee positive relief to the sufferer in every instance.

"Why, Bridget! didn't the fall injure you?" Bridget—"Sure mum, the fall didn't hurt me. but I kind o' jarred meself mum when I lit."

Newspaper Waifs.—Lady (behind counter, to cabman)—"pair of glove? Yes. What is your number?" Cabman —"A hundred and ninety-three!"

"That's what beats me," as the boy said when he saw his father take the skate strap down from its accustomed nail.

During ordinary respiration for twenty-four hours the quantity of oxygen gas consumed amounts to forty thousand cubic inches.

All experience goes to show that people are far more liable to coutract diseases or contagious fevers or an empty than with a full stomach.

A few drops of nitrite of amyl have a powerful influence in restoring the functions of the heart in cases of drowning hanging or fainting.

As many women learn to know their husbands, they wish they had learned to "No" them when they were only sweethearts.

Breakfast should be a light stimulating meal, dinner more hearty and substantial.

Imagine for a moment the thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer annually sold, and the fact that not a single complaint has been received from all these thousands, and you may have some idea of its good qualities.

A farmer on the shores of Lake Ontario had nine acres washed away in twenty years. He is evidently losing ground.

Travellers have frequently noticed that they get the poorest dinner at railroad stations where the dinner gong sounds loudest.

Outside speculators in Wall street were first called "lambs" for the reason that they gambol first and get sheared afterwards.

A mince-pie at bedtime is the shortest route to the menagerie.

How to make crockery ware—Don't use it.

A figure of speech.—The barber.

Thoughts for Teachers.

Never be hasty in word or action.

Labor and brains conquer all things.

Teach both by precept and example.

Labor diligently for self-improvement.

Never let a known fault go unnoticed.

Encourage parents to visit the schools.

Be prompt in beginning and in dismissing.

Be slow to promise, but quick to perform.

Never let your pupils see that they can vex you.

Teach self-government; it is the only government.

Speak grammatically to your pupils; speak kindly, too.

Never be slow to commend a pupil for good work or deportment.

He who can begin with a child, and skillfully carry him through the first fifteen years of his life, does the grandest thing that is ever done for him.

Exposure to drafts when heated, and sudden changes in the temperature of the atmosphere, are prolific sources of severe Colds, from which many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma and other Pulmonary Affections are developed. Should you unfortunately contract a Cold, resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a remedy that will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, baving had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it know to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering. I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, *149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York.*

Use of Soft Coal.—For years no one supposed that a lump of soft coal dug from its mine or bed possessed any other property than that of fuel. It was next found it would afford a gas which was combustible; in process of time mechanical and chemical means were found to manufacture this gas (carburetted hydrogen), and applying it to the lighting of buildings and cities. In doing this products of distillation were developed and now the following ingredients are manufactured from it: First, an excellent oil to supply light-houses, equal to the best sperm Oil, but at lower cost; second, benzole, a light sort of fluid, which evaporates easily, and combined with vapor or moist air, is used for the purpose of so-called portable gas lamps; three, naptha, a heavy fluid, useful to dissolve gutta percha, India rubber, etc.; four, an excellent oil for lubricating purposes; five, asphaltum, which is a black, solid substance, used in making varnishes, covering roofs, vaults, etc.; six, paraffin, a white, crystaline substance resembling white wax, which can be made into beautiful wax candles; it melts at a temperature of 110 degrees, and affords an excellent ligh . All these substances are made with soft coal.

Headache. — There are various causes for headache, as derangement of the circulating system, of the digestive organs, of the nervous system, &c. Vegetine can be said to be a sure remedy for the many kinds of headache, as it acts directly upon the various causes of this complaint,—Nervousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Biliousness, &c. Try the Vegetine. You will never regret it.

A Peculiar case of spontaneous combustion, which occurred some time ago in St. Louis, suggests the need of greater care in putting away certain kinds of inflammable material. Some hemp cloth, cut out of ordinary hemp sacks, had been used in the house to polish floors newly varnished. After having served this purpose they were thrown in a heap into a basket, where they smouldered and eventually burst into flame, of themselves. Their ignition in this manner is attributed to the saturation of the cloth with the varnish to which they had been applied.

There is not the least doubt that the terrible frequency of late years of Paralysis, Insanity and the worst forms of organic diseases is mainly attributable to the quantity and constituents of the medicines of the day. Take Simmons Liver Regulator, a purely vegetable medicine, containing all the virtues of Calomel without any of the injurious tendencies so justly dreaded by mankind. It will be found prompt to start the secretions of the Liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system, without salivation or any danger. When used as a Cathartic it in no wise disorders the system, nor does it produce any nausea or sick stomach when about to purge. It is so mild in its action as not to interfere with business or pleasure. Beware of imitations gotten up on the popularity of Simmons Liver Regulator.

Caaefully prepared statistics show that $2,000,000 worth of quinine are annually consumed in this country. In this connection it may be mentioned that of opium but $1,000,000 worth is believed to be used in the United States each year a statement we think underestimated.

Until recently water in the ocean was believed to have little if any motion below fifty fathoms, but it is now known that in certain localities there is rapid motion as deep as 500 fathoms, and serious injuryrious has been caused at that depth to the telegraphic cables.

Hieskell's Tetter Ointment will cure Sore Eyelids, Sore Nose, Barber's Itch on the face, or Grocer's itch on the hands. It never fails. 50 cents per box, sent by mail for 60 cents
Johnston Holloway & Co.,
602 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

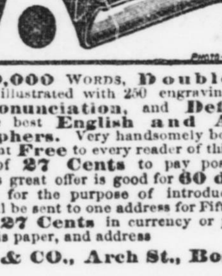
Hieskell's Tetter Ointment will cure all scabby or scaly diseases of the skin.

If you are Nervous and Depressed take Hoofland's German Bitters.

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Is, what shall we do to preserve health? Our answer is: Keep your feet warm, dry and free from rheumatism, by wearing a pair of

JOHNSON'S SILK INSOLES.

Being thin, are easily worn in the shoes of any person, with great comfort. Agents wanted everywhere. Information by writing for it. Samples by mail for 25 cents. State size of shoe worn.
D. W. JOHNSON,
323 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper

VEGETINE.

DR. CALLIER SURPRISED.

Vegetine Cured His Daughter!

Calliersville, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15, 1878.

Dear Sir.—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of the bladder and kidneys, and is of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Selma I at last resorted to the use of your Vegetine (without confidence) and, to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

VEGETINE

Worked Like a Charm—Cured Salt Rheum and Erysipelas.

75 Court St., Rome, N. Y., July 10, 1879.

Mr. H. R. Stevens:

Dear Sir.—One year ago last fall my little boy had a breaking out of Erysipelas and Salt Rheum, his face being one mattered sore, of the worst description. Noticing your advertisement in the papers, I purchased two bottles of the Vegetine, and with the two bottles my son was cured. I never saw anything like the Vegetine; it worked like a charm. I have been city watchman at Rome for years. This testimonial is gratuitous. Yours, respectfully,

HORATIO GRINDLEY.

VEGETINE.

Remarkable Cure of Scrofulous Face.

Westminster, Conn., June 19, 1879.

Mr. H. R. Stevens:

Dear Sir.—I can testify to the good effect of your medicine. My little boy had a Scrofula sore break out on his head as large as a quarter of a dollar, and it went down his face from one ear to the other, under his neck, and was one solid mass of sores. Two bottles of your valuable Vegetine completely cured him.

Very respectfully,
MRS. G. R. THATCHER.

VEGETINE,
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RED RIVER VALLEY OF THE NORTH.

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THIS NEW ELASTIC TRUSS

Has a Pad differing from all others, is cup-shape, with Self-Adjusting Ball in center, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the BALL in the cup PRESSES BACK the INTESTINES JUST AS A PERSON WOULD WITH THE FINGER. With light pressure the Hernia is held securely day and night, and a radical cure certain. It is easy, durable and cheap. Sent by mail. Circulars free.

Eggleston Truss Co., Chicago, Ill.,

NEW MUSIC BOOKS.

Parlor Organ Instruction Book.
—($1.50.) A. N. JOHNSON. This very easy, thorough and practical book teaches both light and sacred music; that is, Songs, Marches, Waltzes, Rondos, Sunday School, School and Church Music; in fact everything that can be played on a reed or gan. It includes 50 tunes for one hand, 150 exercises for fingering, 80 graded pieces for lessons, and about 140 Hymn Tunes and Glees, all with full and plain directions.

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A COLD DETACHABLE WALNUT HANDLE
ARE LINED WITH NON-CONDUCTING CEMENT.
HEAT QUICKER THAN OTHER IRONS
RETAIN THE HEAT LONGER.
REQUIRE NO HOLDER OR CLOTH
DO NOT BURN THE HAND.
ARE DOUBLE POINTED
IRON BOTH WAYS.
THE BEST IN USE
CHEAP.
FOR SALE BY THE HARDWARE TRADE.

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink.)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
Hop Cough Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children
The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
Send for circular.
All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N. Y.



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DIPHTHERIA!!

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Infromation that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. Sold everywhere.

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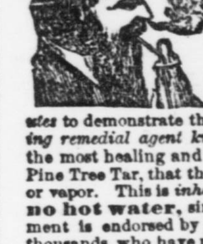
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CATARRH Is a Terrible Disease. Its fearful effects—corruption running down the throat, weak eyes, deafness, loss of voice, loss of smell, disgusting odors, nasal deformities, and finally consumption. From first to last it is ever aggressive. Ordinary treatments are worse than useless. If neglected while a cure is possible, it may rapidly develop into quick consumption. The most thorough, successful and pleasant treatment is



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It does not require ten minutes to demonstrate the value of Carbolate of Tar, the most healing remedial agent known to science. Balsams and Cordials of the most healing and soothing properties are so combined with Pine Tree Tar, that the mere breathing converts them into a dense smoke or vapor. This is inhaled—taken right to the diseased parts. No heat, no hot water, simply inhaling or breathing it, and you feel its healing power at once. This treatment is endorsed by physicians everywhere, and highly commended by thousands, who have used it with perfect satisfaction. FULL TREATMENT sent. Satisfaction Always Guaranteed. —Circulars, etc., Sent Free— Address, DR. M. W. CASE, 933 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.



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This powder makes "Gilt-Edge" Butter the year round. Common-sense and the Science of Chemistry applied to Butter-making. July, August and Winter Butter made equal to the best June product. Increases product 6 per cent. Improves quality at least 20 per cent. Reduces labor of churning one-half. Prevents Butter becoming rancid. Improves market value 3 to 5 cents a pound. Guaranteed free from all injurious ingredients. Gives a nice Golden Color the year round. 25 cents' worth will produce $3.00 in increase of product and market value. Can you make a better investment? Beware of imitations. Genuine sold only in boxes with trade-mark of dairymaid, together with words "Gilt-Edge Butter Maker" printed on each package. Powder sold by Grocers and General Store-keepers. Ask your dealer for our book "Hints to Butter-Makers," or send stamp to us for it. Small size, ½ lb., at 25 cents; Large size, 2¼ lbs., $1.00. Great saving by buying the larger size.

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